# Wayfinding and cognitive maps for pedestrian models



Source: pinterest



## Overview

- The problem
- The cognitive map
- Modeling wayfinding
- Examples
- Summary & Outlook



Source: pinterest



# The problem

#### Routing algorithms in literature

- Shortest path algorithms
  - Assume complete knowledge
  - Overstraining of doors
  - Local shortest path algorithms not necessarily expedient
- Travel time optimizations
  - Agents avoid jams
  - Still assume complete knowledge

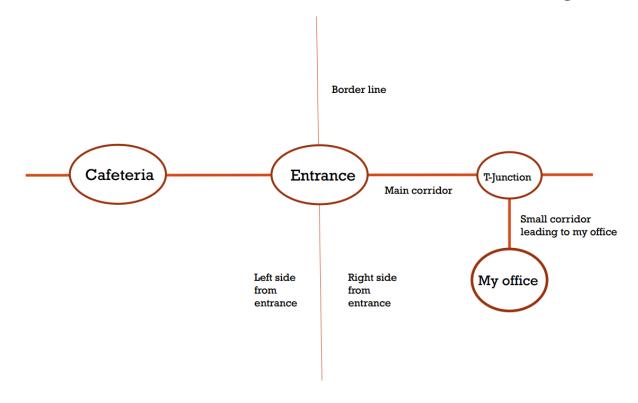


Looking for a sophisticated routing algorithm containing a model representing the human navigation process



### The cognitive map

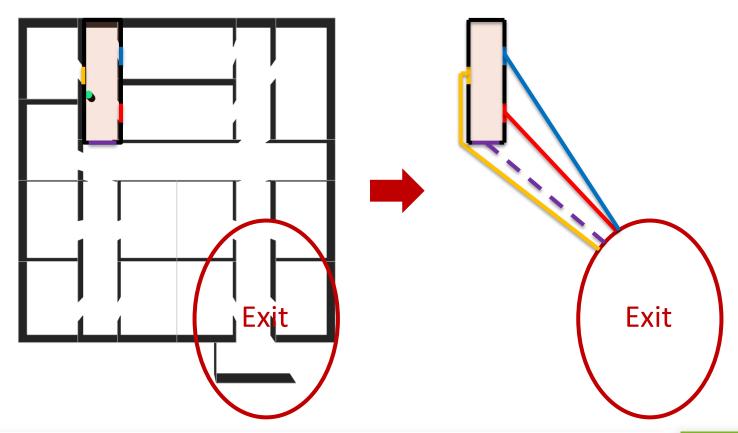
- Initially introduced by Tolman (1948)
- Mental representation of the spatial relations
- Important objects (landmarks)
- Inaccurate (fuzzy) especially concerning metric relations





## Cognitive map knowledge

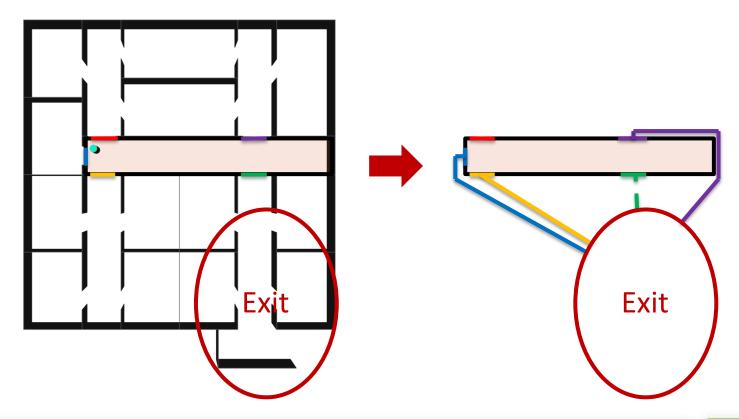
- Ellipses representing inaccurate idea of the destination's position
- Isolation of current room
- Comparison of paths from doors to ellipse





# Cognitive map knowledge

- Dashed line represents shortest path
- Green door is evaluated as the most expedient one

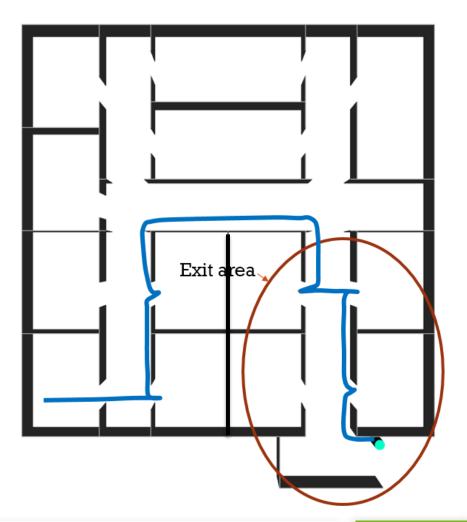




## **Examples**

#### Cognitive map knowledge

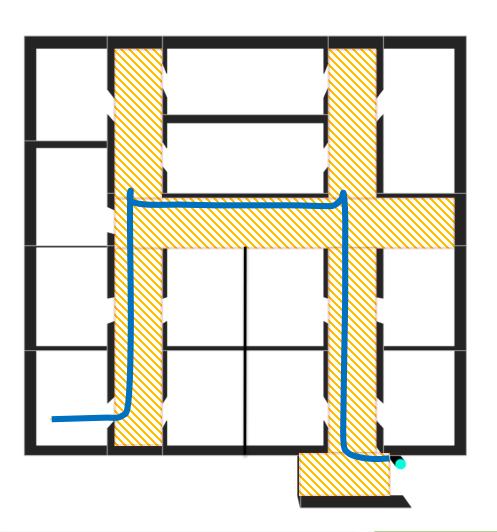
- Agent prefers crossings taking him closer to the exit area
- Chooses nearest crossing inside the exit area





## Generalized knowlegde

- Knowledge about a type of building
- Example: Room to corridor strategy (sensory input)
  - Doors leading to a corridor will be assessed as more favourable

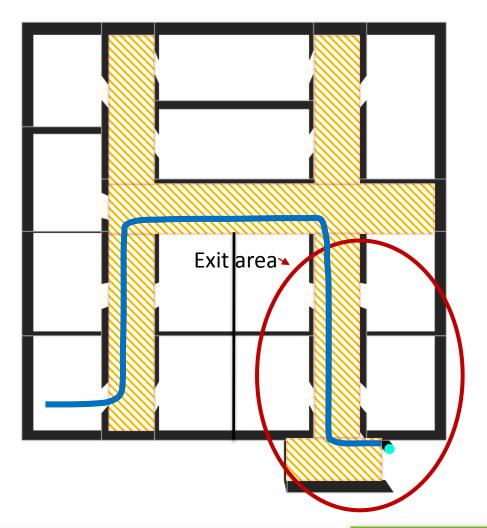




## **Examples**

Combination of generalized and cognitive map knowledge

- Agent prefers doors leading to corridors
- Agent prefers corridors heading to the exit area





## Summary

- Avoid global, comprehensive knowledge
- Model approach to provide incomplete, inaccurate information
- Ellipses depict inaccuracies
- Generalized knowledge
- Cognitive map like knowledge
- Combination of both



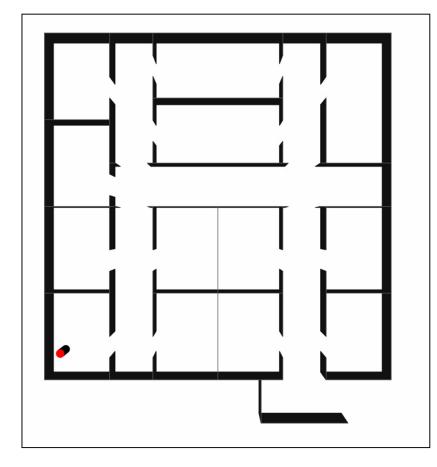
## Outlook

- Extending the cognitive map approach
- Implementing additional sensory input
- Landmarks / Connections
- Visibility graphs
- Maps / Signs
- Herding
- Comprehensive framework for human wayfinding



# Outlook

#### Simulation



#### The cognitive map

