# Robot control made easy

Haptic Shared Control for Space Teleoperation

**PhD Candidate: Jan Smisek Department: C&O** Section: Control and Simulation Supervisors: M. M. van Paassen and A. Schiele Promotor: M. Mulder Start date: 1-5-2012 Funding: STW/ H-Haptics project Cooperations: ESA ESTEC (TRH Lab) Type: Engineering



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### Background

#### Some tasks are still too hard to be automated

Despite progress in robotics and automation, variability of many tasks require to keep the 'human in the loop'.

#### **But 'classical' teleoperation** comes with high workload

Currently, to integrate all the sensory information from the remote environment, the operator needs to continuously monitor several video screens and conduct taxing mental transformation.



#### The distance makes the space teleoperation even more challenging

The long distances involved in space teleoperation are associated with substantial time delays and with rather limited communication bandwidth. This is not only problematic for the operator to cope with but requires special also attention during system design to ensure system stability and safety.

## Concept

Provide additional support to the operator





As an example, sensitive parts of the environment could be protected with a virtual 'repulsive field' or the operator can be guided towards an object to be picked-up with an attractive field.

#### Use forces to communicate the actions of the automatics system

In Haptic Shared Control, the actions of the human operator are combined with the input of the automatic system using additional guidance forces on the control input device. This way, the operator still holds the ultimate control authority and is also always aware of the actions of the automatic system.

#### Experiment: Using an exoskeleton to control a robot from a different country (bilateral teleoperation with force feedback over 500km)



The robot and the operator were 500km apart, communicating through standard mobile phone connection with limited bandwidth and variable delay (100-800ms). Despite that the system works well enough that we were able to perform a non-trivial task, live for a TEDx talk audience (it is on youtube).



#### **Possible MSc thesis topics**

Following is an example of two currently available topics:

Design and validation of task specific HSC for remote assembly

Integration and optimization of a 3D camera into the teleoperation work-cell

There are several possible directions in the projects based on prospective student's background and preferences, ranging from 'theory' focused work to more complete assignments that should be validated using human-in-the-loop experiments on the teleoperation setups available at TU Delft or in the Telerobotics and Haptics Lab at ESA ESTEC.

#### **Publications**

J. Smisek, W. Mugge, J. B. J. Smeets, M. M. van Paassen and A. Schiele, Adapting Haptic Guidance Authority based on User Grip, IEEE SMC 2014 (submitted)

J. Smisek, M. M. van Paassen and A. Schiele, Rate Control Model-mediated Teleoperation Using Impedance Controlled Slave for Robustness Against Substantial Time Delay, IEEE SMC 2014 (submitted)

J. Smisek, M. M. van Paassen, D. Abbink and M. Mulder, Neuromuscular analysis based tuning of haptic shared control assistance for UAV collision avoidance, IEEE WHC 2013

E. Sunil, J. Smisek, M. M. van Paassen and M. Mulder, Validation of a Neuromuscular Analysis Based **Tuning Method for Haptic Shared Control** Systems, IEEE SMC 2014 (submitted)







# Challenge the future

Slave side

Master side

# Aerodynamic study of micro-aerial vehicles

(Title: Bookman old style 66pt)

PhD Candidate: Mustafa Percin Department: C&O Section: Aerodynamics Supervisor: B. van Oudheusden Promoter: F. Scarano Start date: 10-5-2010 Funding: STW Cooperations: AGARD-NATO Type: □ Engineering □ Scientific



Background	Text, figures, equations, diagrams	flow with particle tracers
The use of unmanned aerial vehicles has largely increased in the last decade due to advances in manufacturing and flight control technology		
Heading: tahoma 20 bold		lenses forming a thin light sheet digital camera
Body text: tahoma 18, paragraph justified, single line spacing		
		Solid-State laser
		A laser system to measure the flow around a MA
		Progress and Objectives
		A great deal of progress was obtained to my own judgment. According to my supervisor, the progress was just enough to pass the GO-NO-GO





Example of very large micro-aerial vehicle

Heading 1





#### **Publications**

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- A.B. De Groot, C. ter Midden, D Klein, (2010) "On the stability of a clap and fling mechanism", *Journal of Micro Aer vehicles* **12**, pp 24-38 - E.G. Hooghuis, F. Baraque, (2012) "A plasma actuator for MAV flight control", Journal of Physics **81**, pp 112-141



# **Challenge the future**