Investing in WASH to help SDGs



Access to Drinking Water Webinar

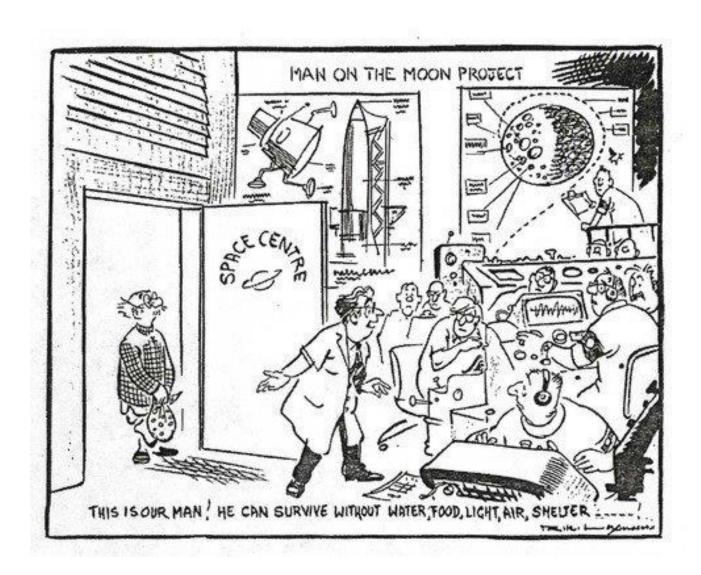
Co-creation in Africa #SDG6



26 November 2020 14:00 – 17:00 (UTC+1)



The common man

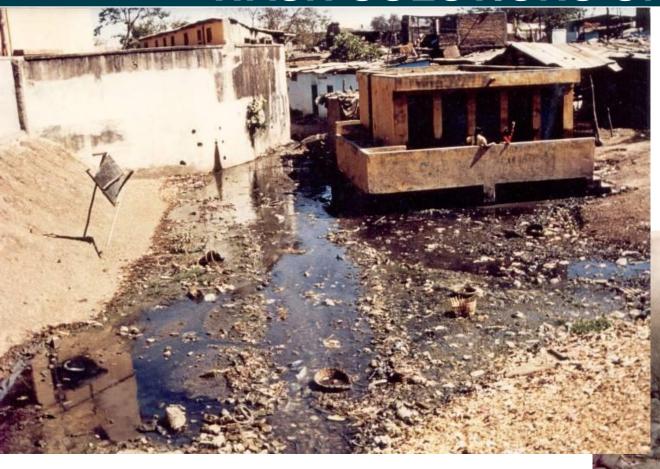




Source: R K Laxman, cartoons depicting the common man

WASH SOLUTIONS OR PROBLEMS?









IN EUROPE, THE HIGHEST REDUCTIONS IN MORTALITY RATES WERE RECORDED LAST CENTURY WITH THE ADVENT OF SAFE WATER AND PIPED SEWERAGE.

ALL THE SUBSEQUENT ADVANCES IN SCIENCE AND MODERN MEDICINE PUT TOGETHER HAVE NOT MATCHED THIS.

Provide physical infrastructure services through networks servicing individual households (water, sanitation, roads, electricity, rain water, solid waste).

In-situ upgrading with land tenure as a lease.

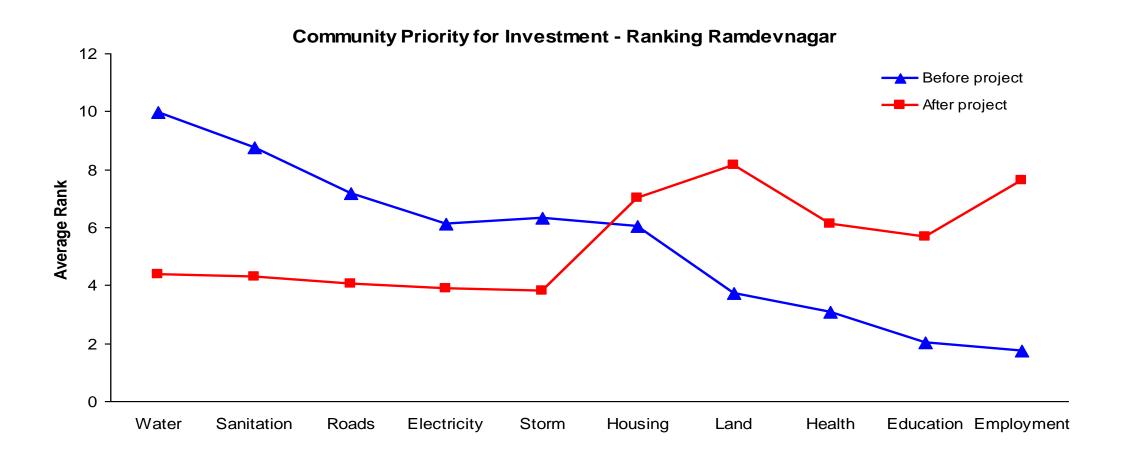
Use appropriate technologies, high quality data, nature sensitive designs, simplicity and frugality as an approach. This will reduce the gap between costs and affordability.

Get over the 'poverty syndrome' by making communities a financial partner. Meeting the huge resource needs through self-reliant partnerships and the untapped latent wealth of the community.

INFRASTRUCTURE CAN THEN ALLEVIATE POVERTY AND IMPROVE HEALTH, EDUCATION, INCOME AND HOUSING.

Basic needs and quality of life

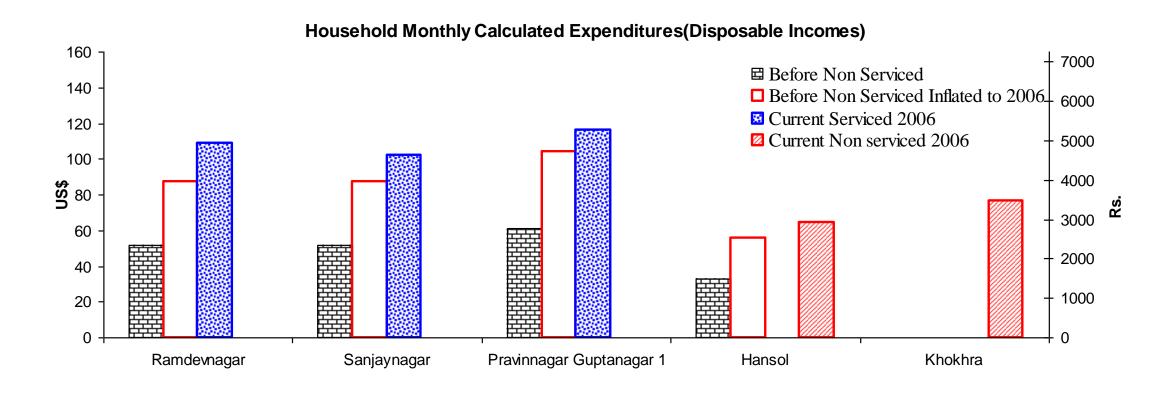




DISPOSABLE INCOME



Based on 500 household interviews in 5 Slums in Gujarat, India.





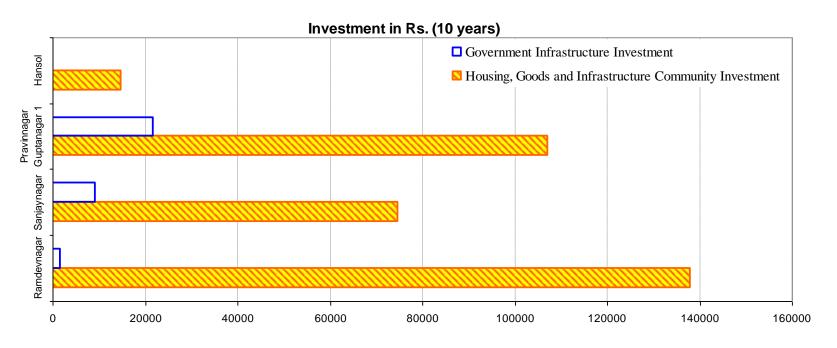


Water and Sanitation generates housing investment



Slum Networking - Impact





P Parikh, A McRobie, H Parikh (2012) The Role of Infrastructure in Improving Human Settlements, Urban Design and Planning, Volume 166, Issue 2.

Communal services



Household services



























ISULABANTU COMMUNITY-LED **UPGRADING FOR** SELF-RELIANCE IN SOUTH AFRICA





















































Piesang River- more favourable landscape in contrast to Havelock.



Namibia Stop 8 settlement.

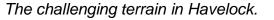






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OPPORTUNITIES AND RESEARCH GAPS



NAMIBIA STOP 8 AND PIESANG RIVER

- Reuse of grey water, rain water harvesting and other measures to optimise use of water for urban farming and address gaps due to erratic water supply
- Further clarity on water consumption and billing
- Incentives to further scale-up current ongoing farming initiatives
- Water, sanitation, education, solid waste and electricity identified as top priorities

HAVELOCK

- Improved solid waste management and cleaning of stream. This will also reduce flood risk.
- Improved sanitation facilities to consider safety
- Water, housing and electricity identified as the top three priorities
- Willingness to pay for household services (water for hot water baths and toilets)

OVERALL

- Integration of services and departments
- Community driven processes are sustainable
- Resilience in a multi-hazard and resource challenged setting
- Recycling and reuse of waste circular economy







A FOCUS ON SANITATION

"...equitable sanitation and hygiene..."

"...for all"

"...end open defecation"

"....needs of women and girls vulnerable people"

"...'safely-managed' sanitation"

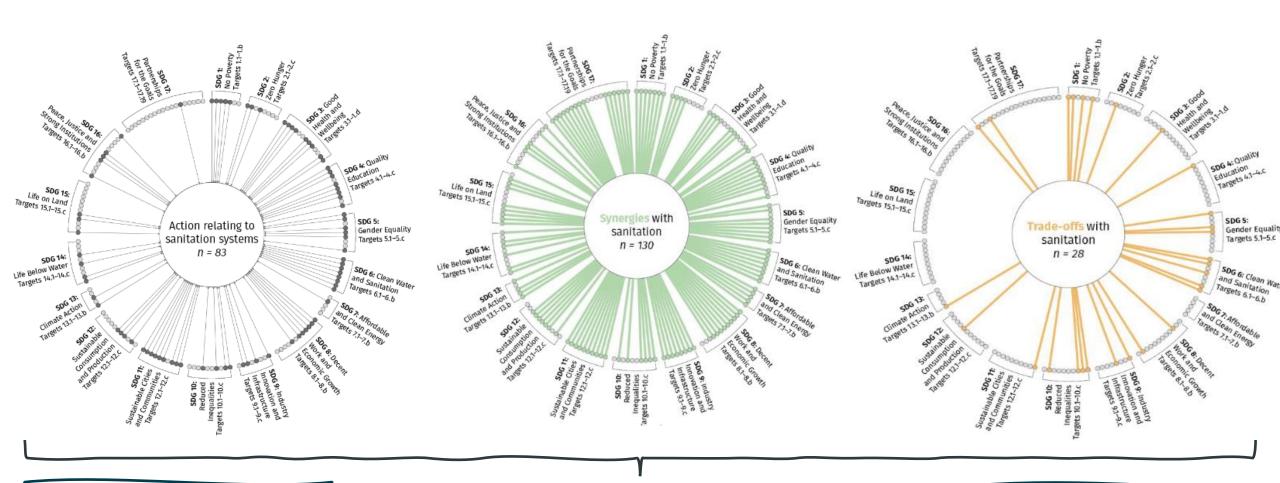


OVERVIEW

- Does the Target call for action in relation to sanitation?
- Are there **synergies** for achieving access to adequate, equitable and dignified sanitation and hygiene?
- Are there **trade-offs** for achieving access to adequate, equitable and dignified sanitation and hygiene?

EVIDENCE REVIEW





Individual and collective aspirations of greater welfare and wellbeing

Environment and natural resources

Infrastructure services and innovation

Governance and partnerships for the SDGs



SYNERGIES

77% of SDG targets



Overlap with 17 **SDGs**

All Targets around

INCLUSIVITY

SOCIAL **DIVERSITY**

HUMAN WELLBEING Safeguarding water systems through treatment and disposal

Human waste/ wastewater for agricultural production



The waste and energy nexus



Faecal-oral disease reduction

Safeguard ecosystems and support livelihoods

Integrated climate action and environmental contamination



TRADE-OFFS

17% of SDG ** targets



More **SYNERGIES** than **TRADE-OFFS**



Barriers to inclusive interventions

SCALE OF ACTION

CONTEXTUAL CONCERNS

POLICY IMPLEMENTATION Cost and household affordability



Invasive species as non-native species may be introduced



Promotion of waterintensive systems

Mismatch between international development community and local aspirations

Government taxes



Hygiene education

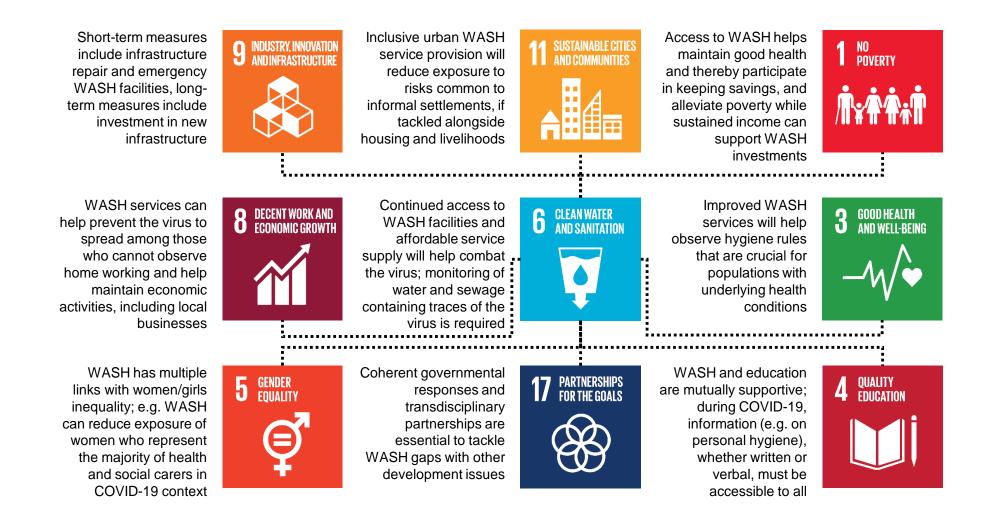
HIGHLIGHTS



- Study identified linkages between sanitation and all 17 SDGs
- Synergies across multiple levels individual, household, community, society and environment.
- Delivery of safe sanitation to **improves access** to infrastructure, but also **delivers benefits in other sectors** (health, education).
- Results demonstrate interconnected and far-reaching benefits from investments in sanitation.
- From high-level to more focused investigations

COVID-19





Parikh, P., Diep, L., Gupte, J. and Lakhanpaul, M., 2020. COVID-19 challenges and WASH in informal settlements: Integrated action supported by the sustainable development goals. *Cities*, *107*.

FROM RESEARCH TO ACTION





- Harmonise investment and actions in WASH
- Interdisciplinary evidence-driven approaches
- Context specific case studies
- Integrated projects (e.g. water-energy-food security nexus)
- Cross-sectoral collaborations, nodal agencies



THANK YOU