

# Can energy system models save the world?

## A cautionary tale

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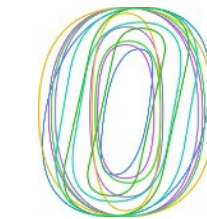
PowerWeb Lunch Lecture  
TU Delft  
22. September 2022



SENTINEL



The SENTINEL project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 837089.



EUROPEAN  
CLIMATE + ENERGY  
MODELLING  
FORUM



The ECEMF project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 101022622.

**sweet** swiss energy research  
for the energy transition



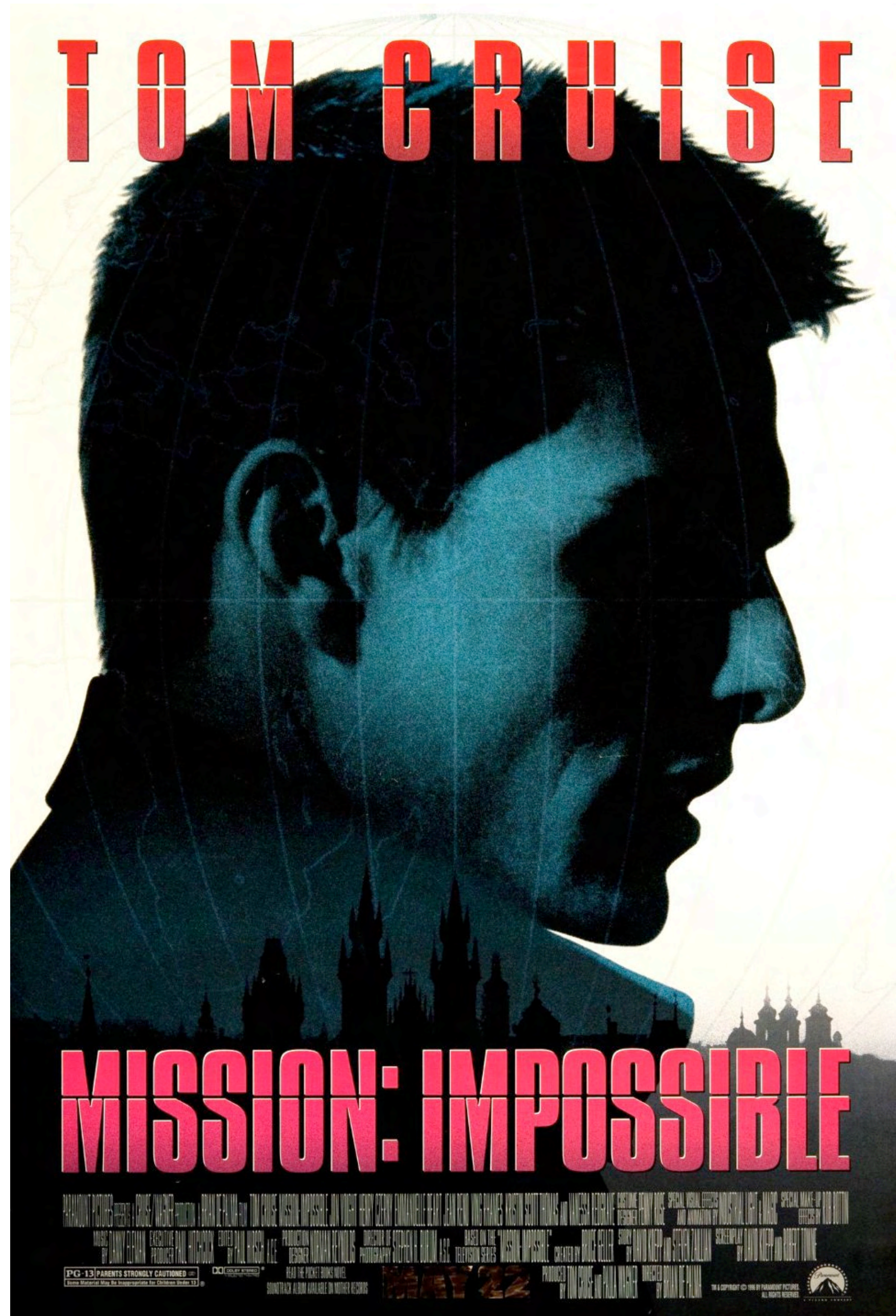
**PATHFNDR**

This project has received funding from the Swiss Federal Office of Energy's "SWEET" program, performed in the PATHFNDR consortium.

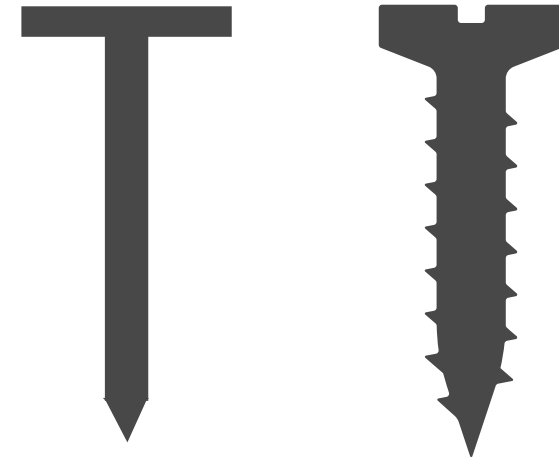


The SEEDS project is supported by the CHIST-ERA grant CHIST-ERA-19-CES-004, the Swiss National Science Foundation grant number 195537, the Fundação para a Ciência e Tecnologia (FCT) grant number CHIST-ERA/0005/2019, the Spanish Agencia Estatal de Investigación with grant PCI2020-120710-2, and the Estonian Research Council grant number 4-8/20/26.









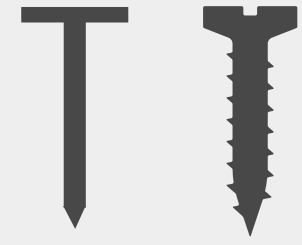
The mission:

Design a feasible climate-neutral energy system

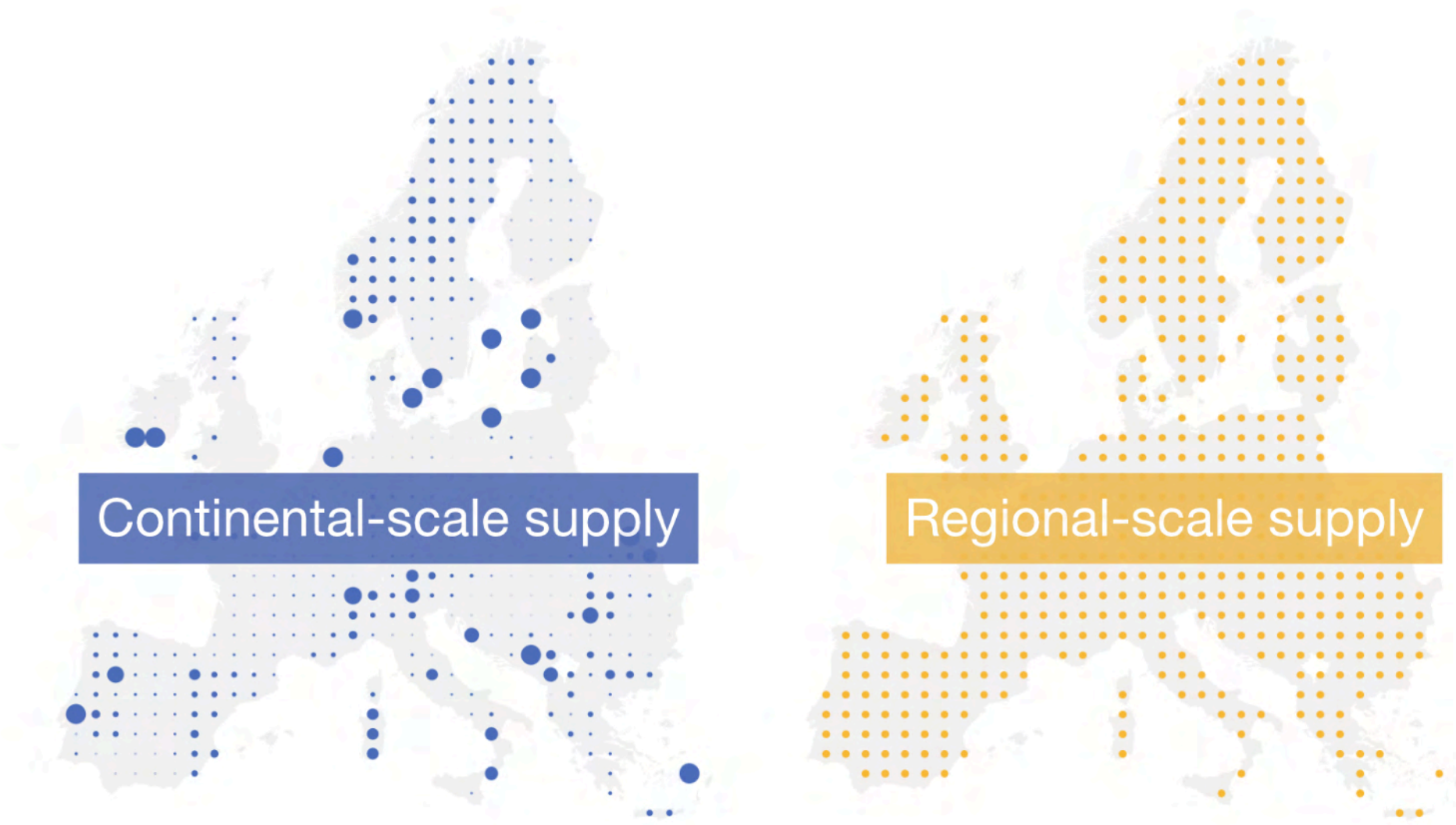


The tool:

An energy system model



100% renewable  
electricity supply at **best  
locations** or **locally in  
regions**





# Is electricity self-sufficiency viable?

(a slide from 2019 - back with a vengeance)



“Davos is aiming to become energy self-sufficient by 2036.”  
– <https://www.davos.ch/en/information/meeting-place/industry-focal-points/energy/environment>



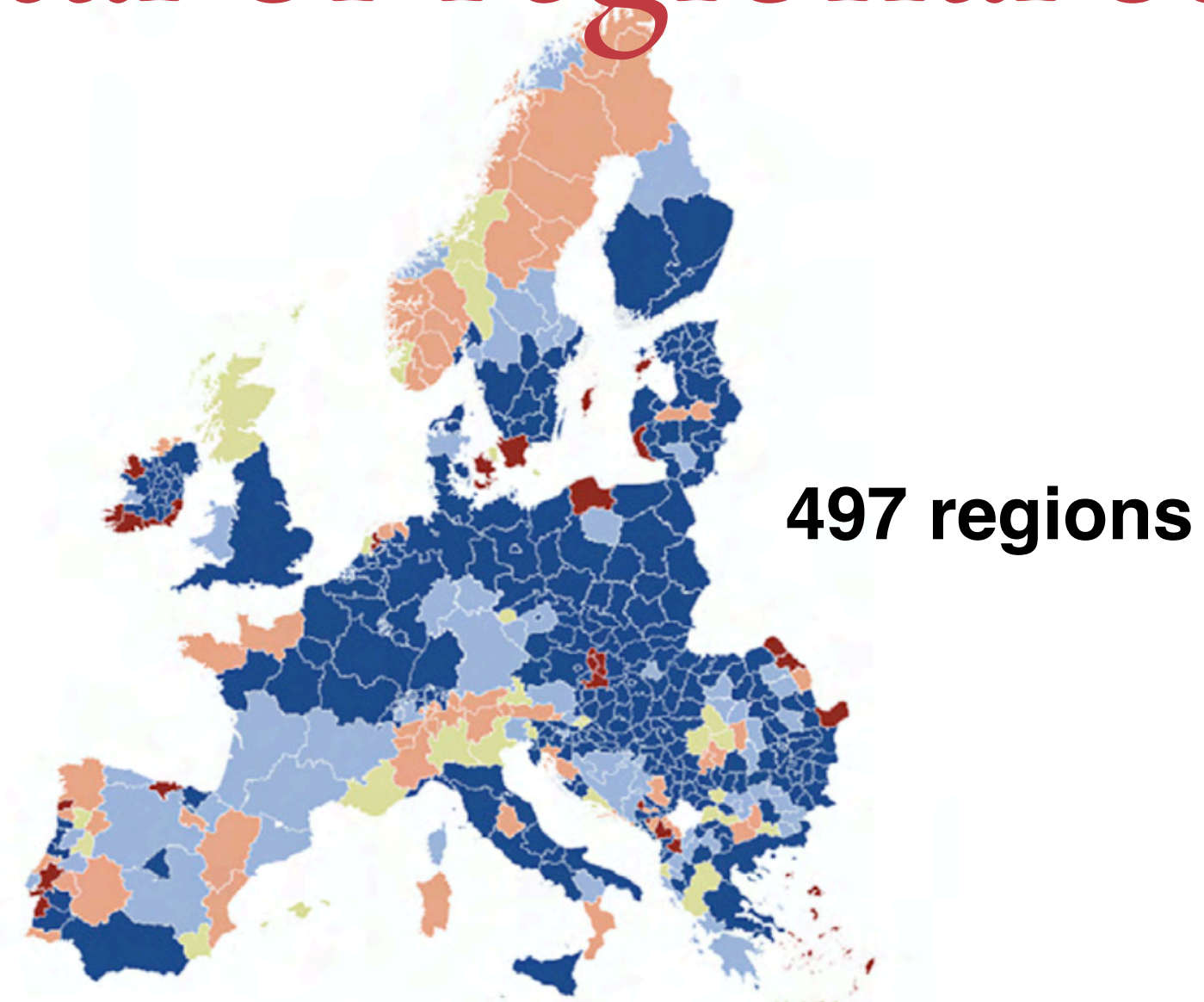
“We [the UK] can make ourselves energy self-sufficient in renewable energy.”  
– <https://www.bbc.com/news/election-2017-40120184>

# Continental or regional scale electricity supply

**Continental supply:**  
Wind and PV at  
best locations



Generation relative to demand



**Regional supply:**  
Regions self-supply  
*on average over  
the year*



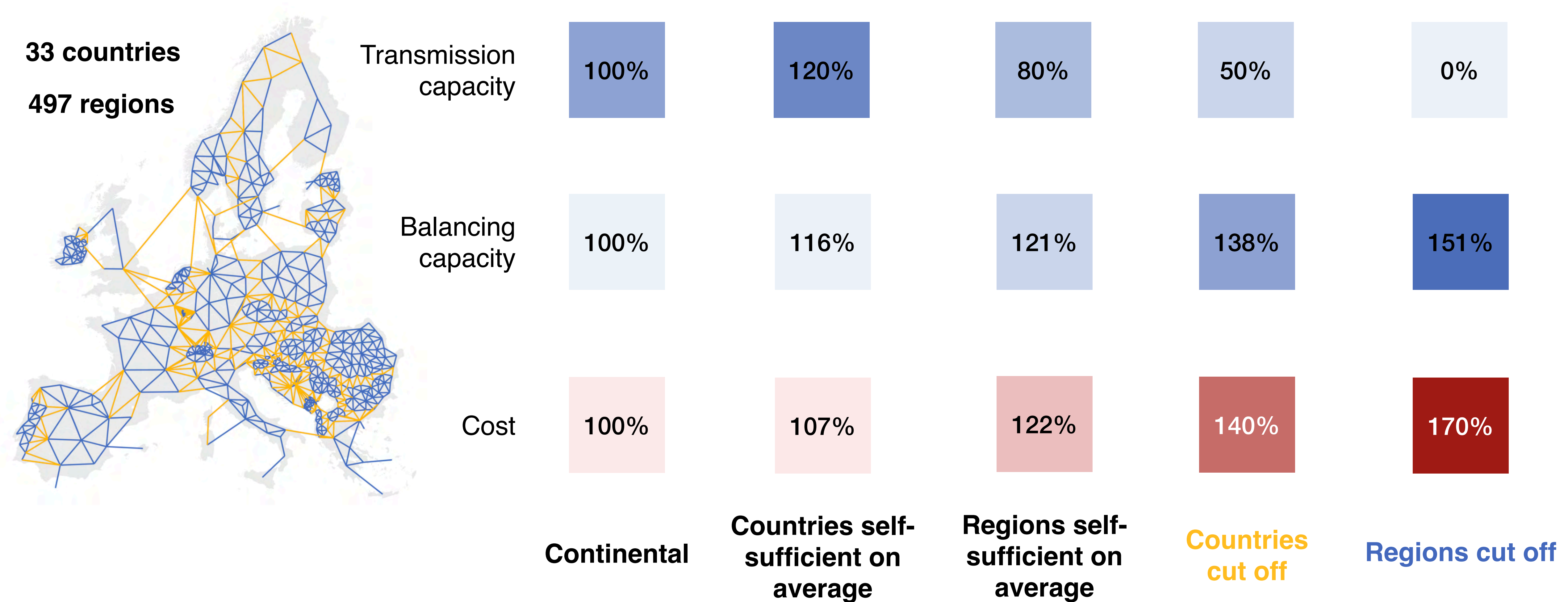
**Continental supply  
requires  
2.5x the capacity of  
today's electricity  
transmission system**



What if I don't want to  
build so many new  
transmission lines?



# Less integrated systems are possible, but cost more



# Underlying model: Euro-Calliope, power system only



Tim Tröndle

## Spatial resolution



497 first-level administrative units

## Objective function

Minimise total system cost

## Technologies

- PV
- Wind
- Biofuel
- Hydro
- Short and long-term storage

## Sensitivity analysis

- 10 weather years
- Uncertainty in technology costs, capital cost, bioenergy availability
- Sampling a surrogate model

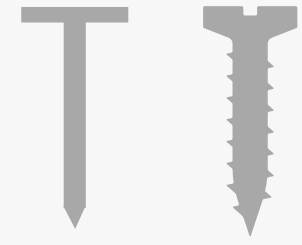
## Temporal resolution

4 hours, single year,  
2007–2016

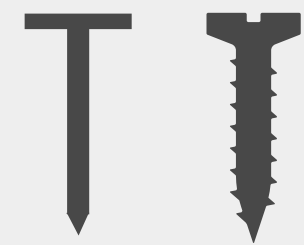
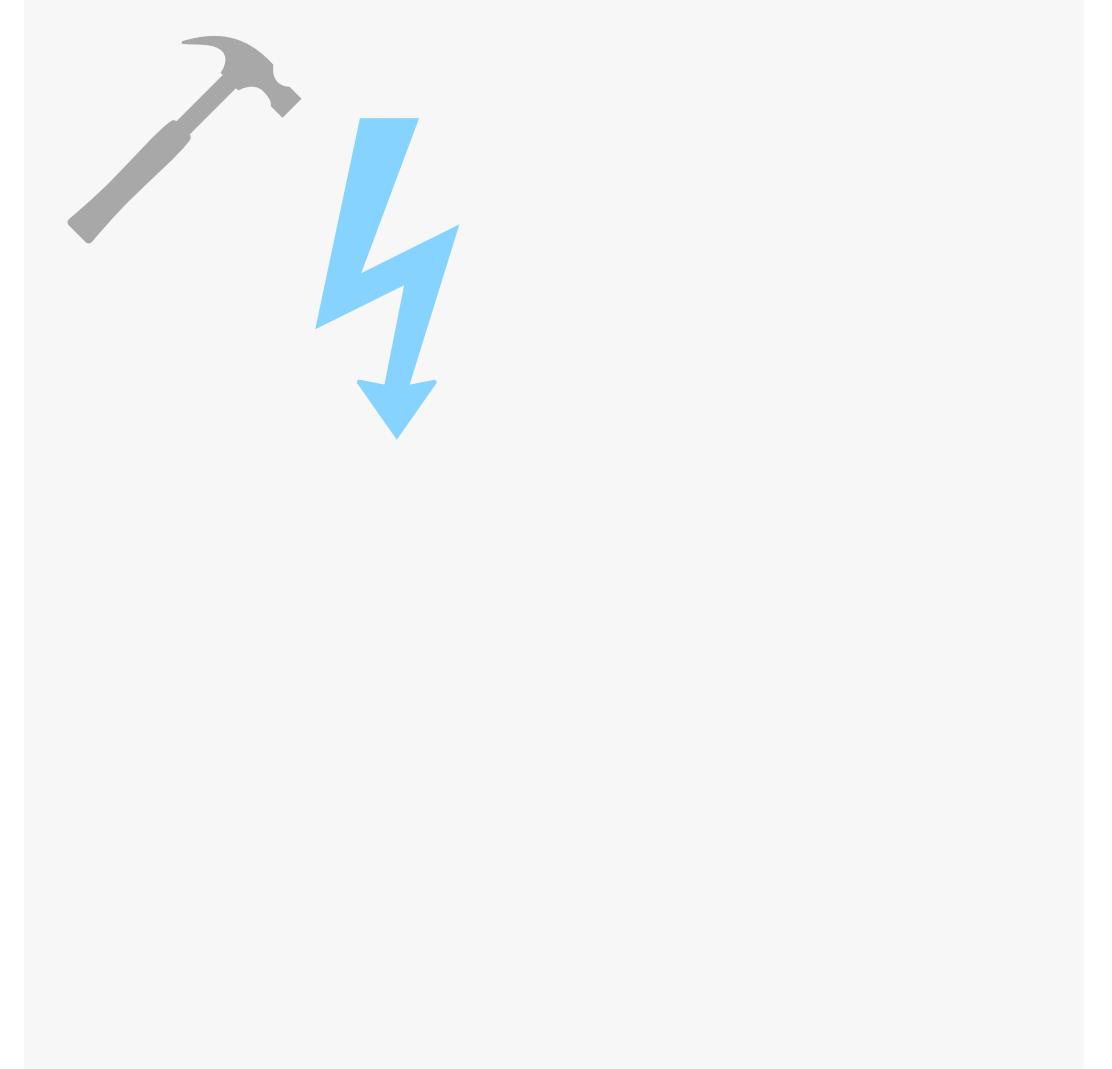
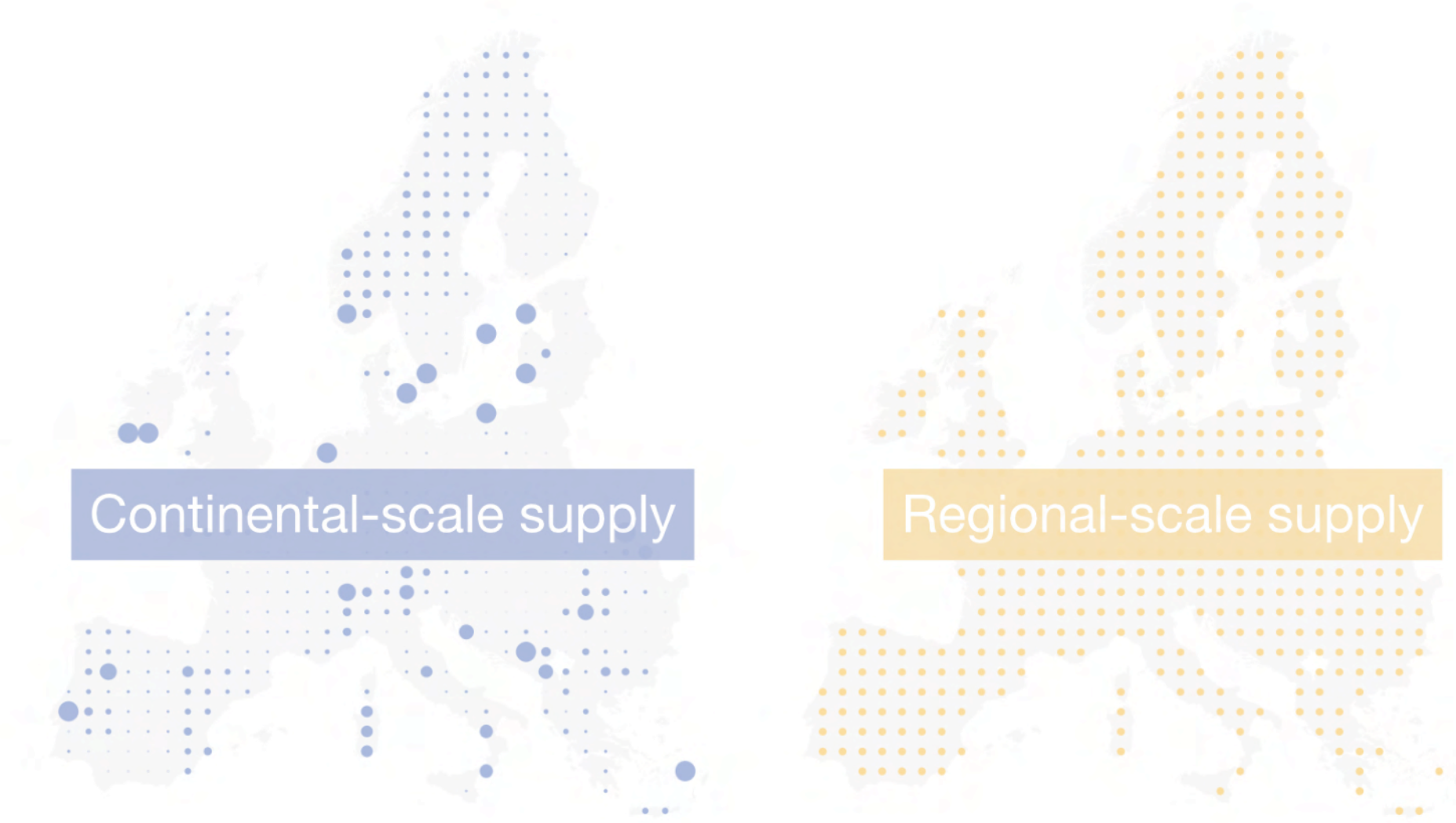
## Fully open + reproducible

[github.com/calliope-project/euro-calliope](https://github.com/calliope-project/euro-calliope)

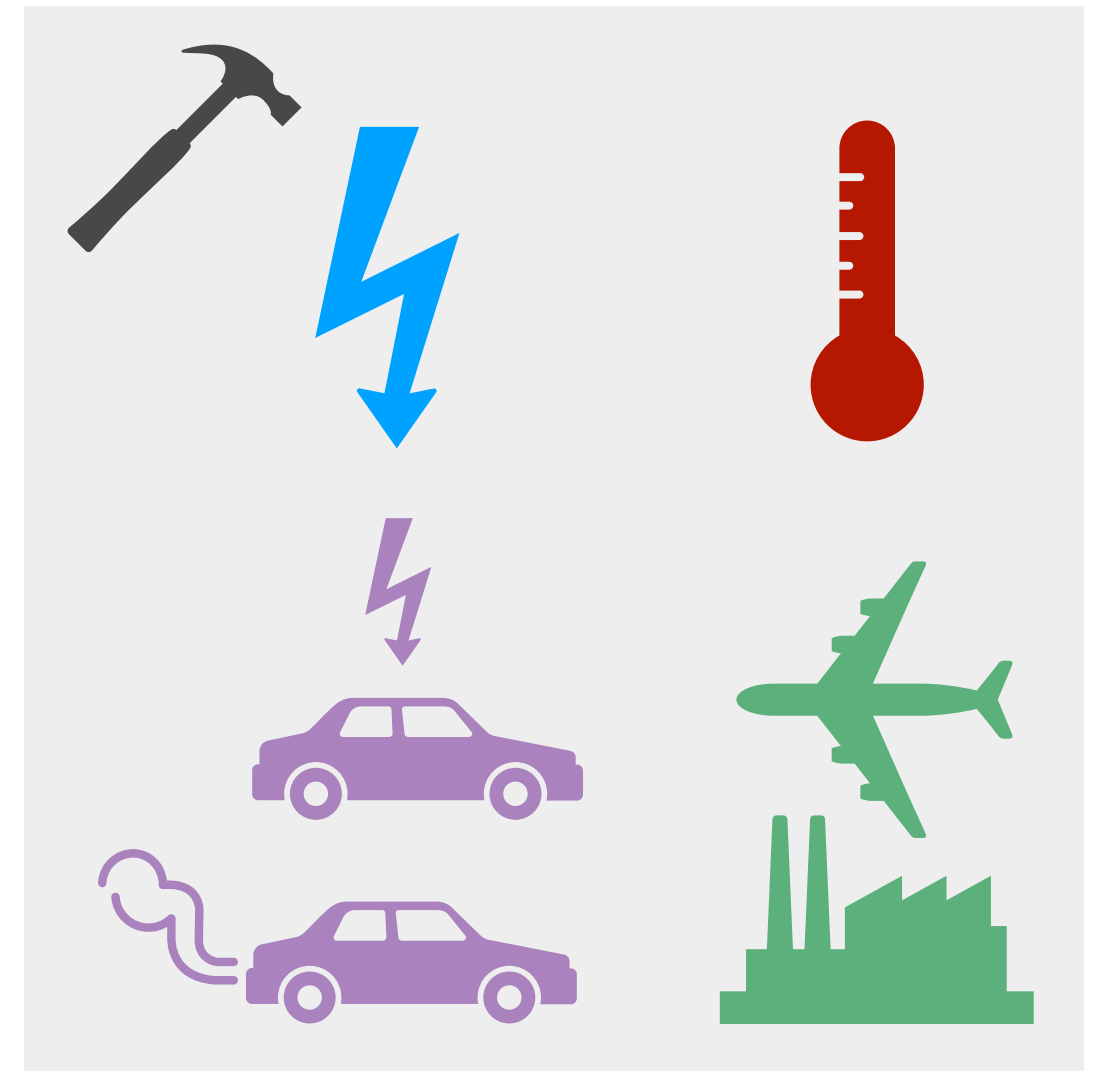
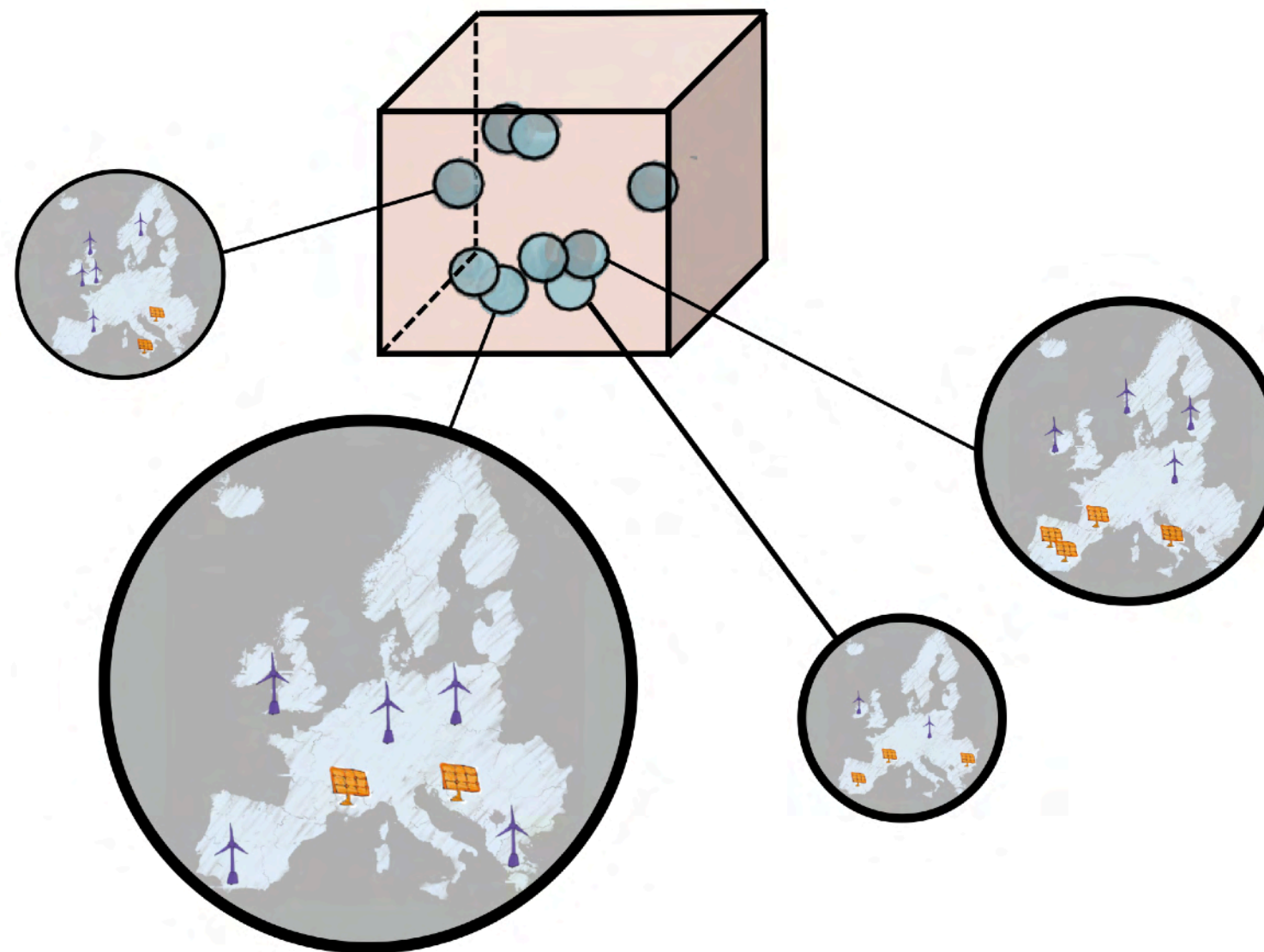




100% renewable electricity supply at best locations or locally in regions



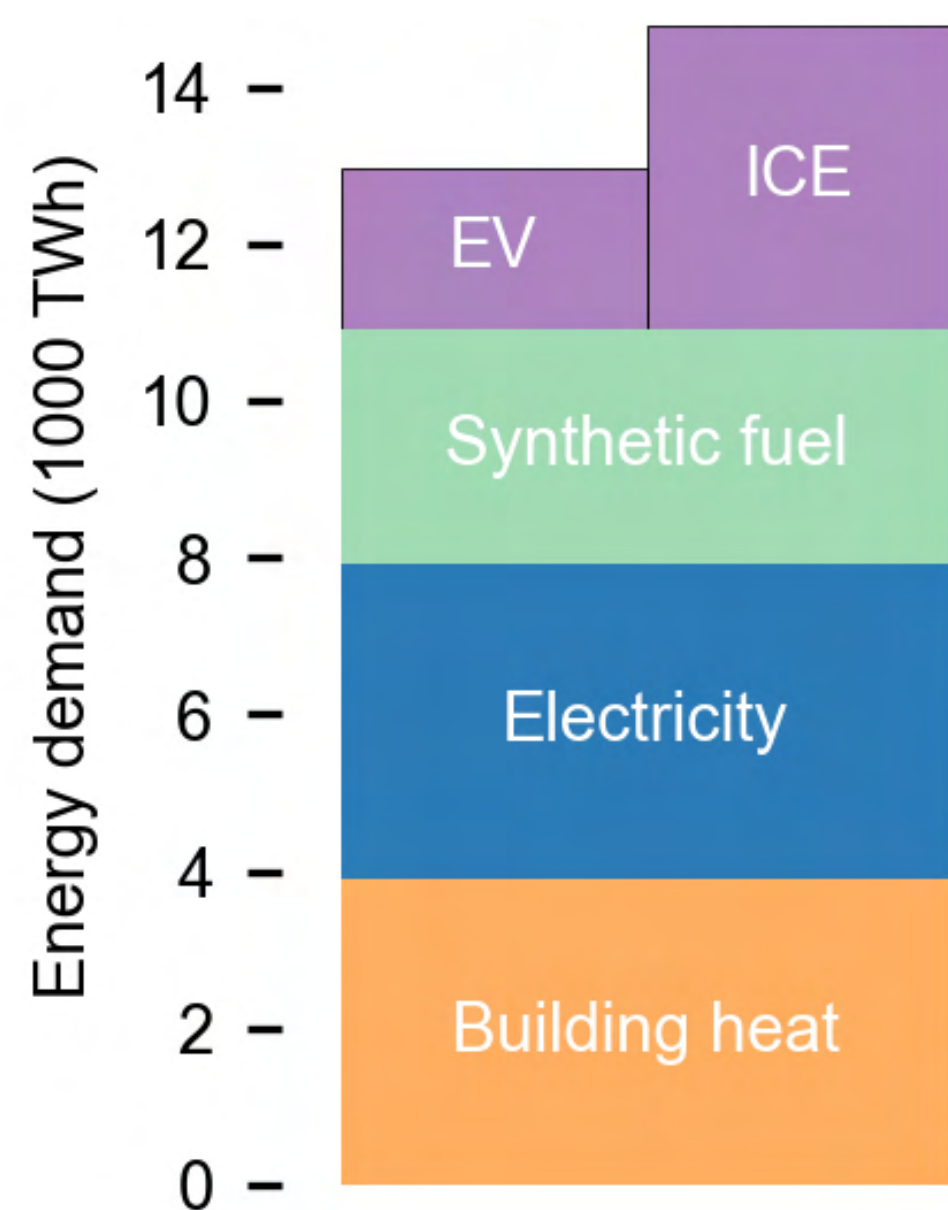
Technically feasible and cost-effective options (●) for an energy self-sufficient, carbon-neutral Europe



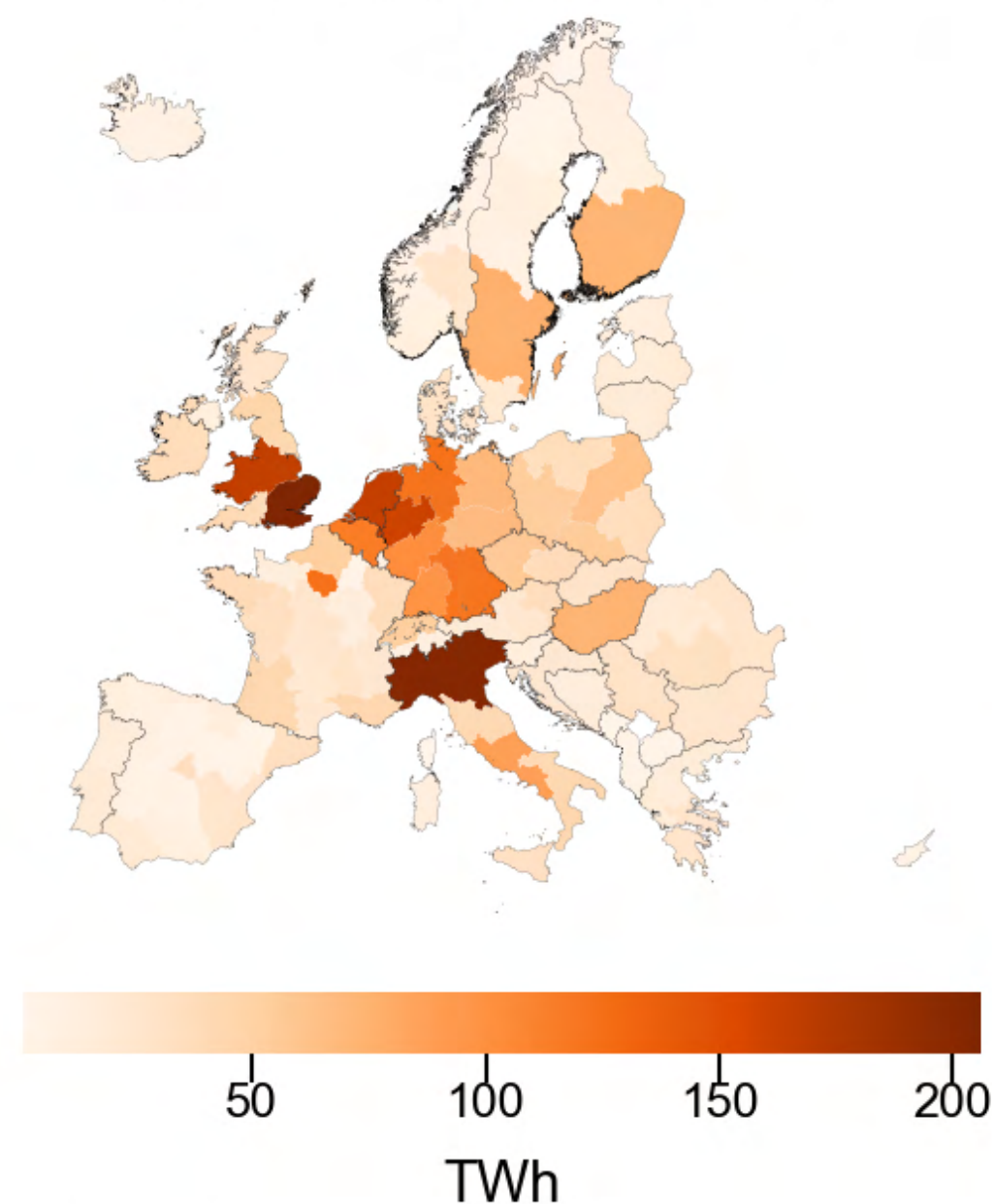
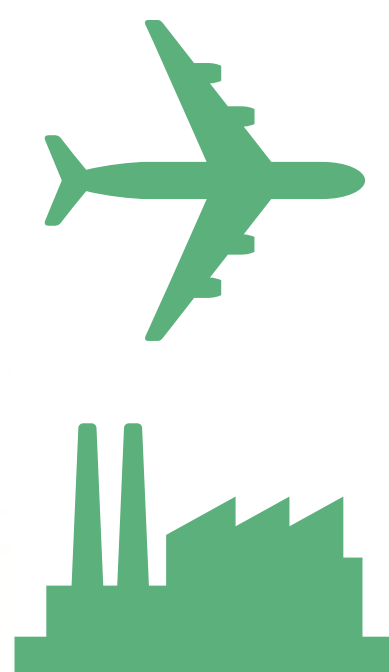


Bryn Pickering

# Sector-coupled Euro-Calliope



**Demand for all energy in all sectors across Europe, + industrial feedstocks**

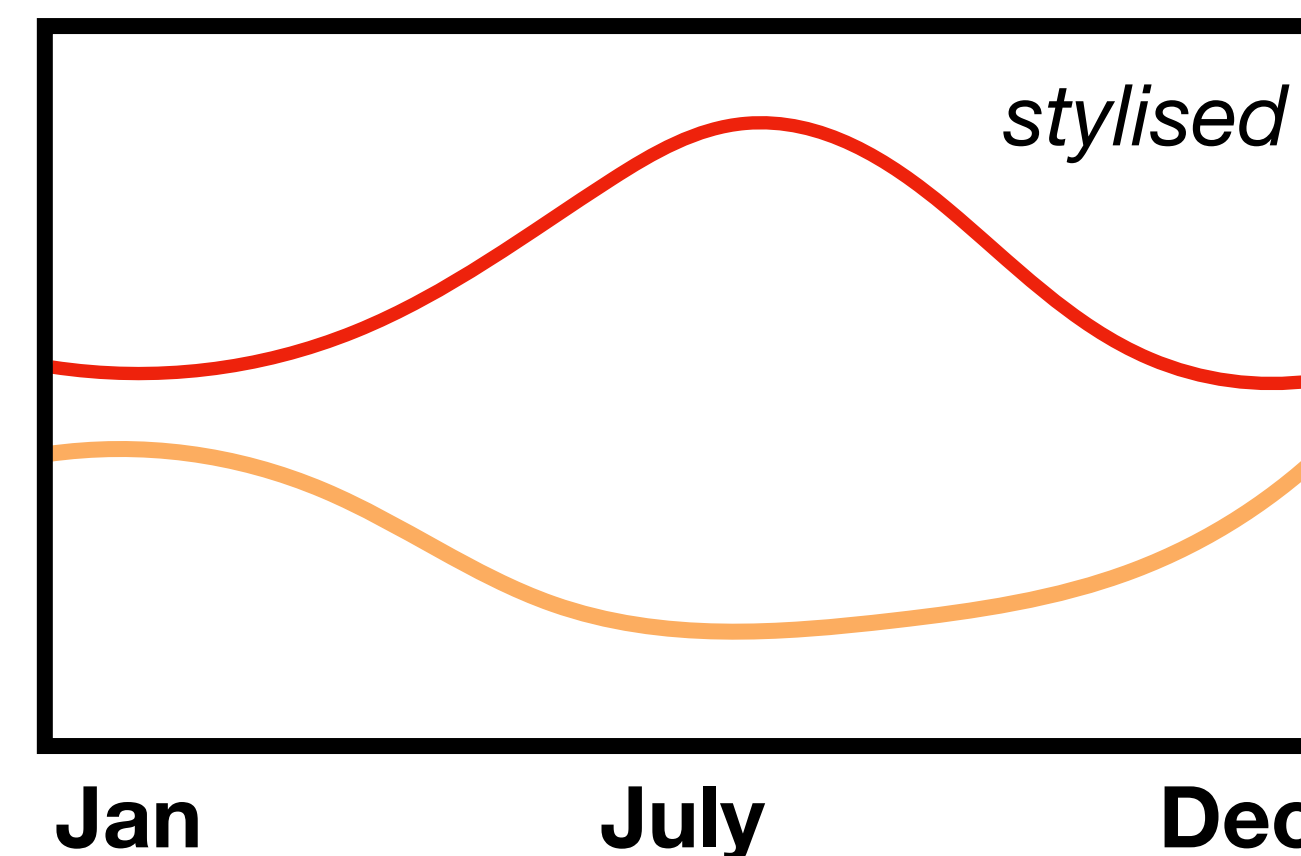


**Regional distribution of demand: e.g. building heat**

**Technologies for energy supply, conversion, transport, and their possible locations**



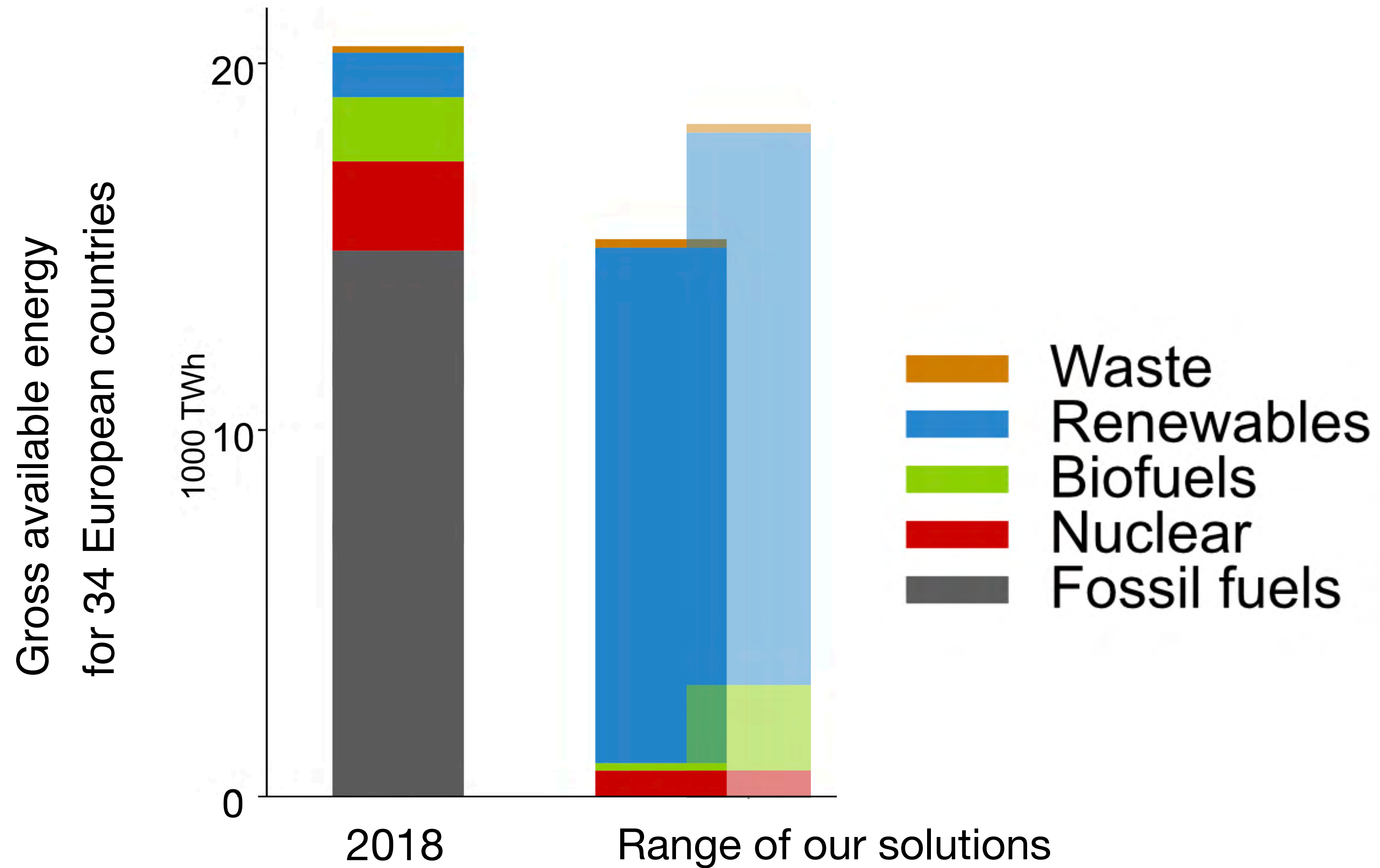
**Solar power supply**  
**Building heat demand**



**Time-varying (hourly) supply and demand**



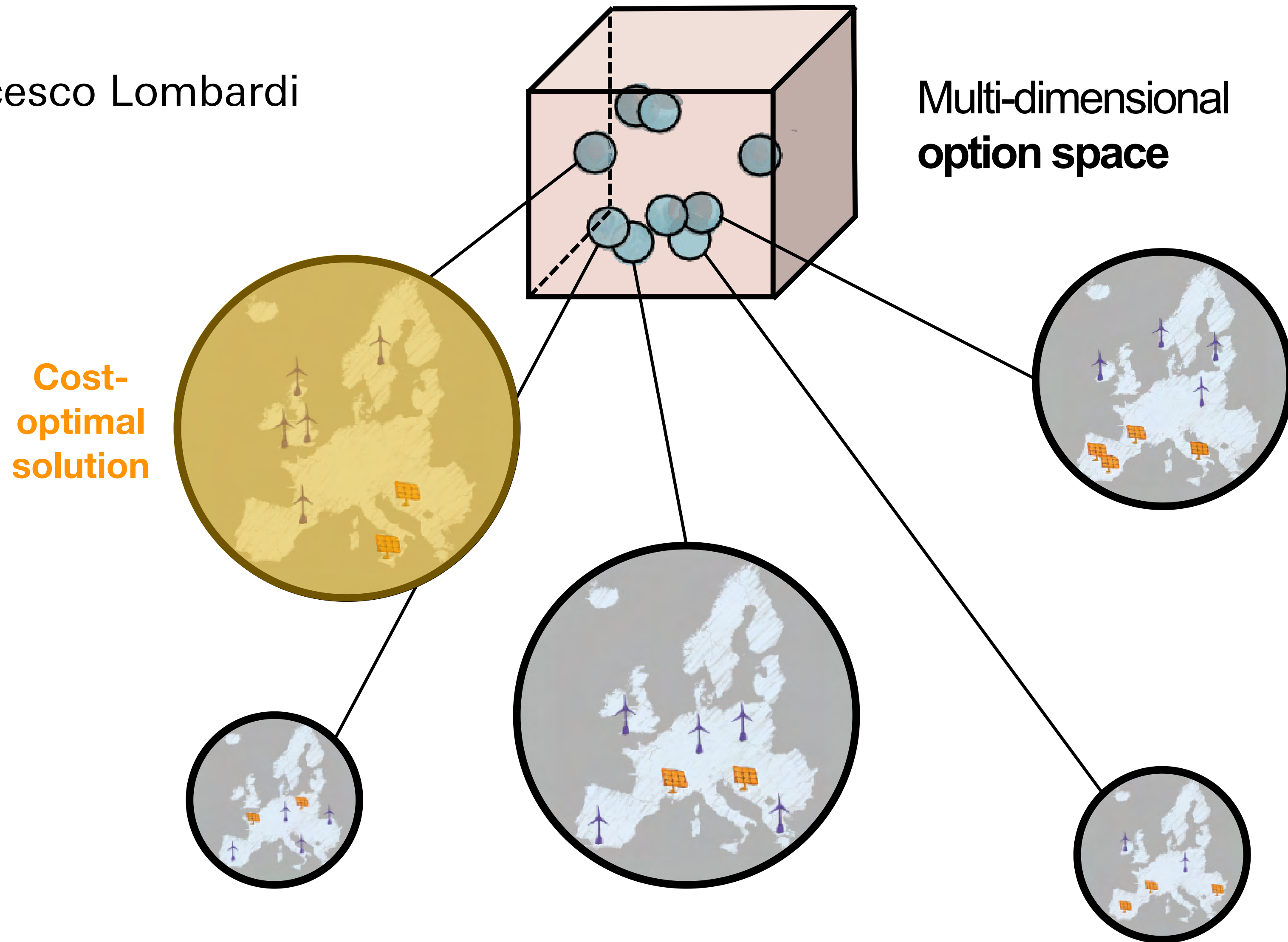
# European energy supply without imported fuels or electricity



# SPORES: an algorithm for near-optimal results

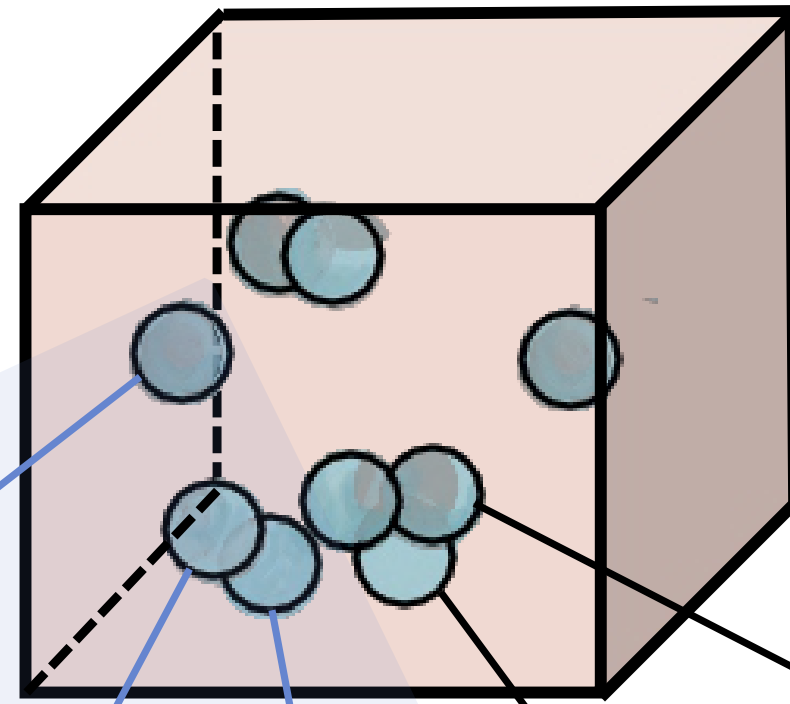


Francesco Lombardi

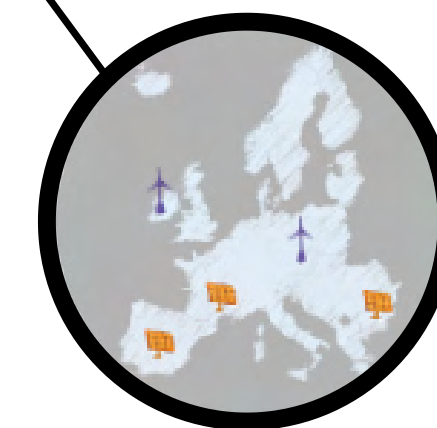
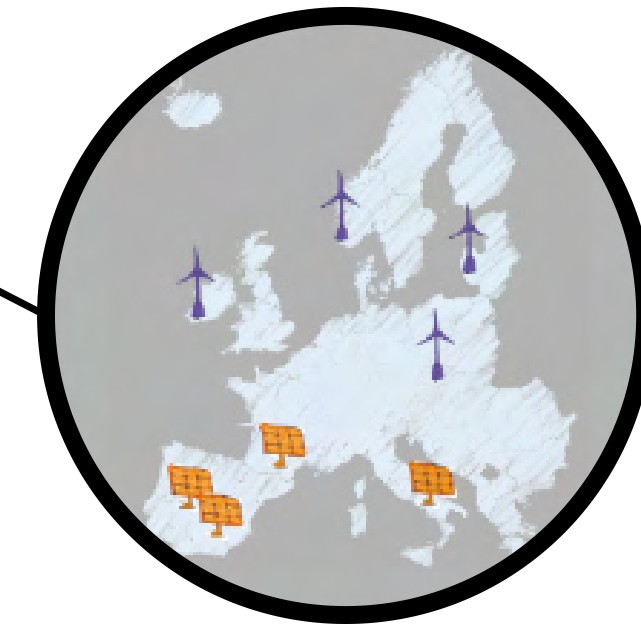


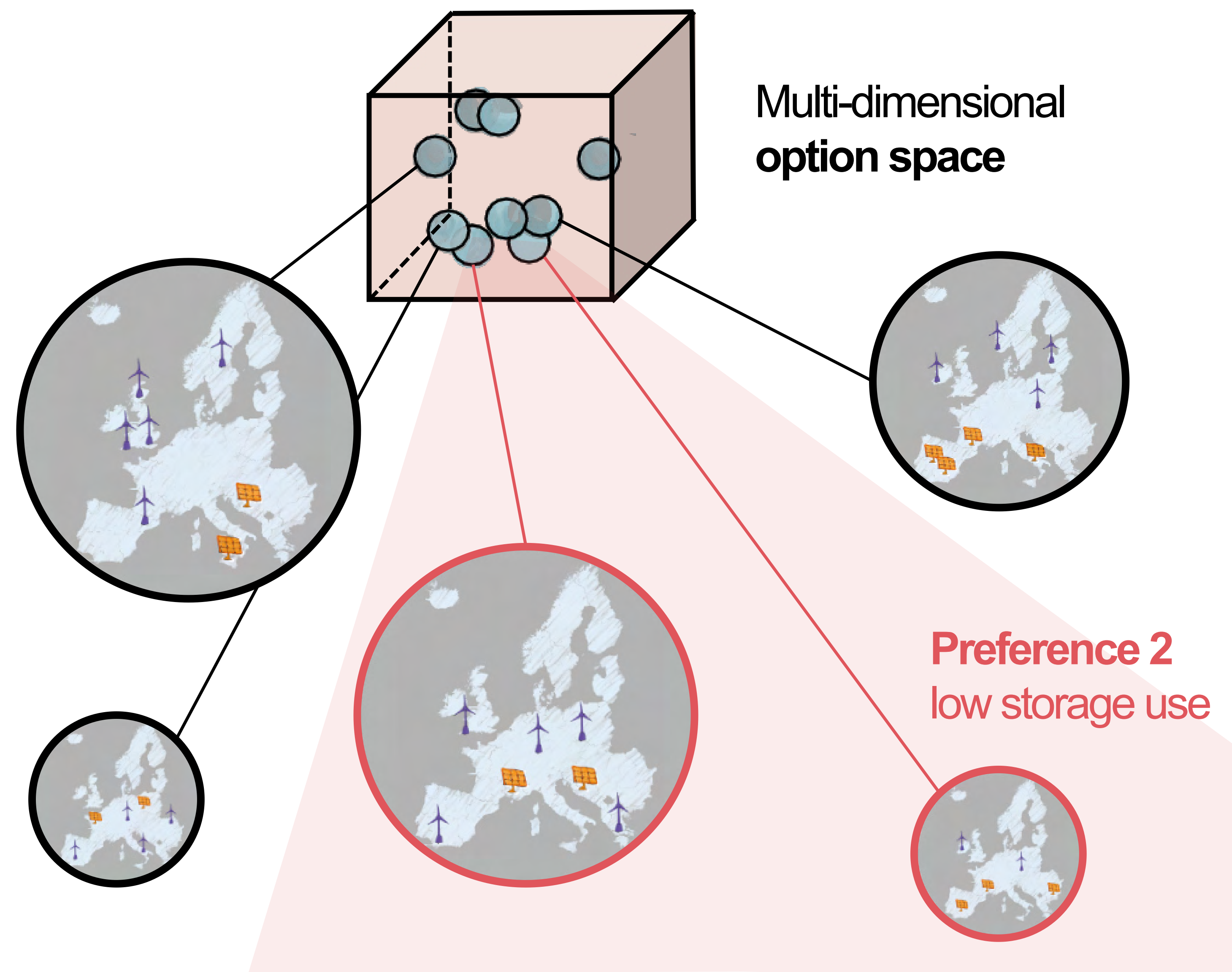


**Preference 1**  
low biofuel use



**Multi-dimensional  
option space**



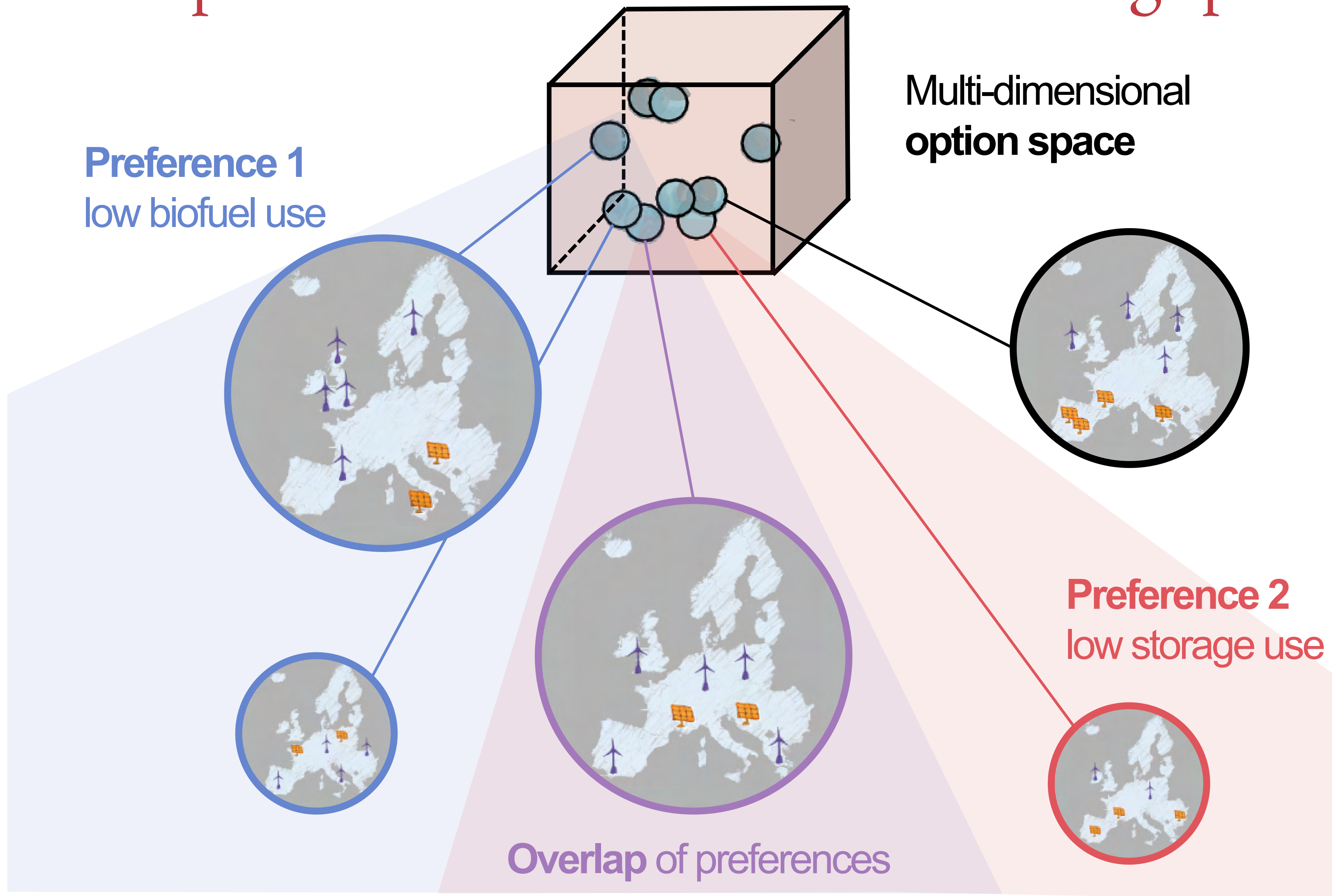


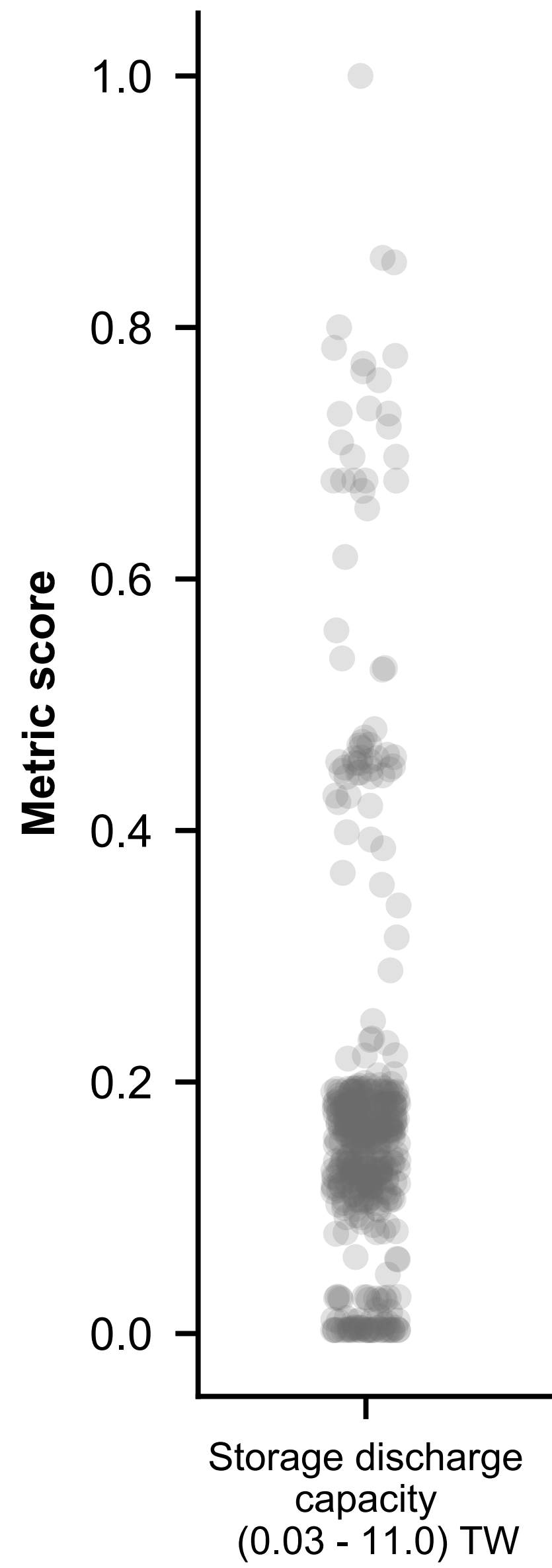
**Multi-dimensional  
option space**

**Preference 2**  
low storage use



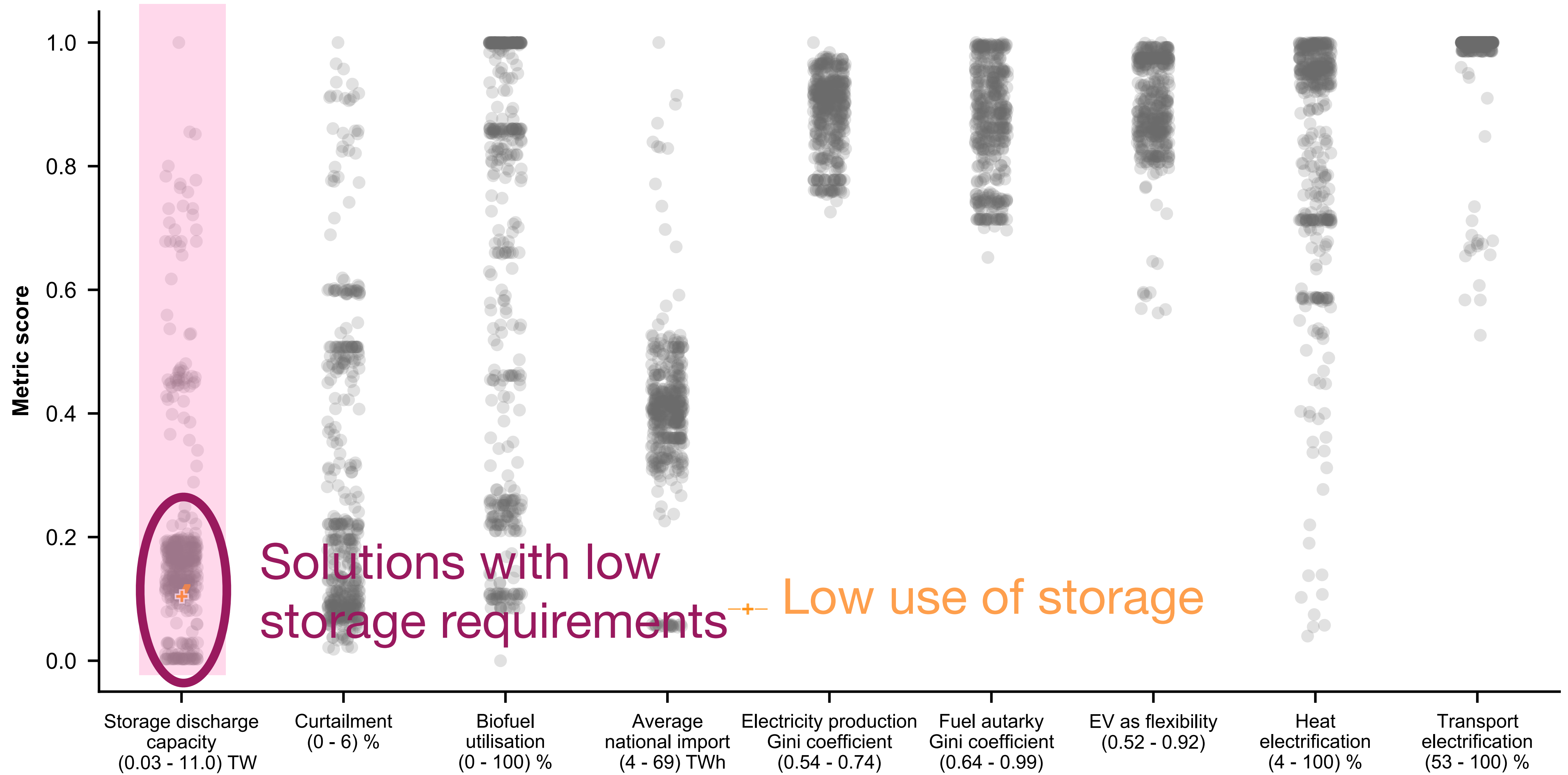
# Almost anything is technically possible, but preferences restrict the spatial and technical manoeuvring space



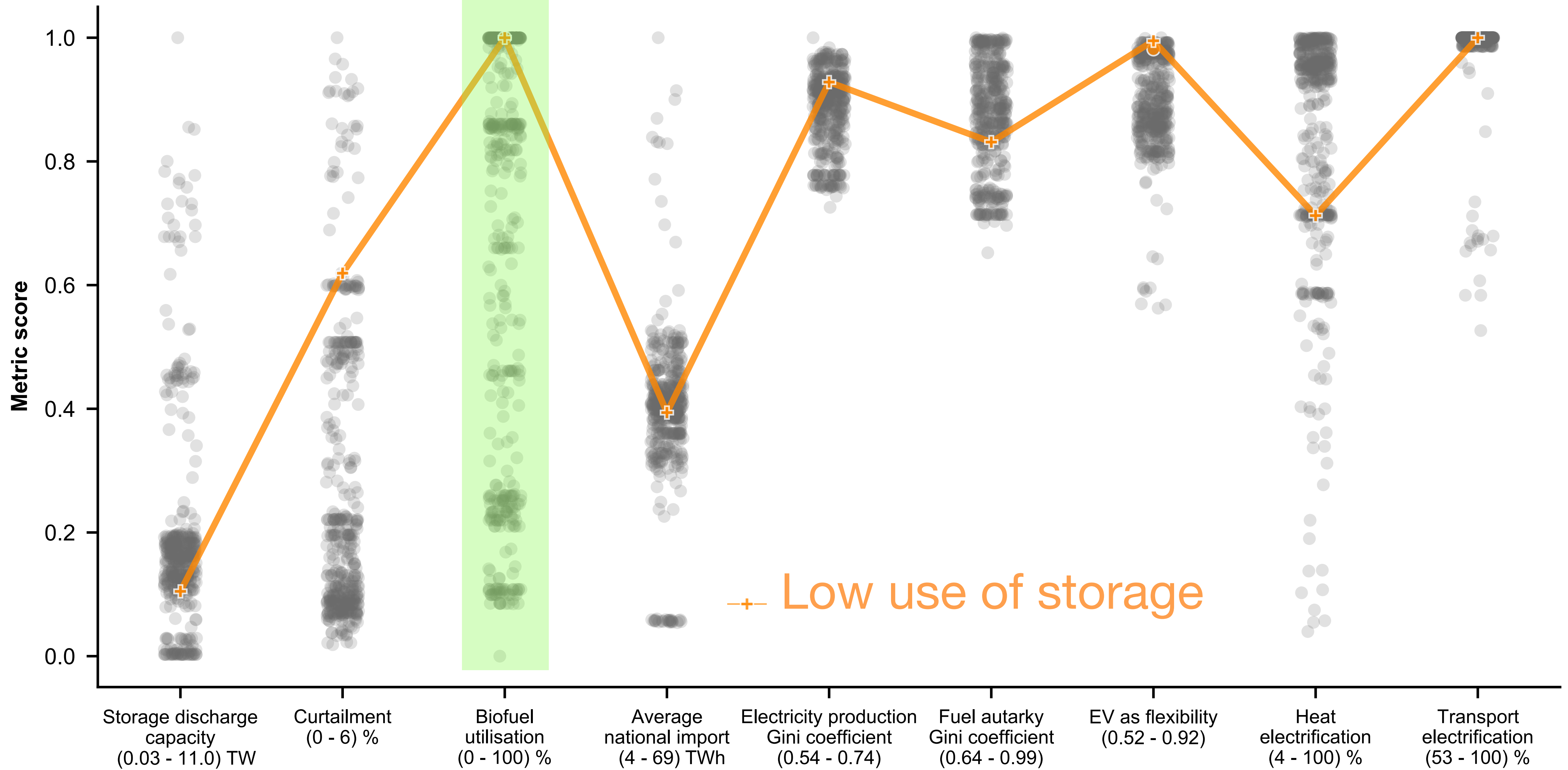




# Storage capacity needed

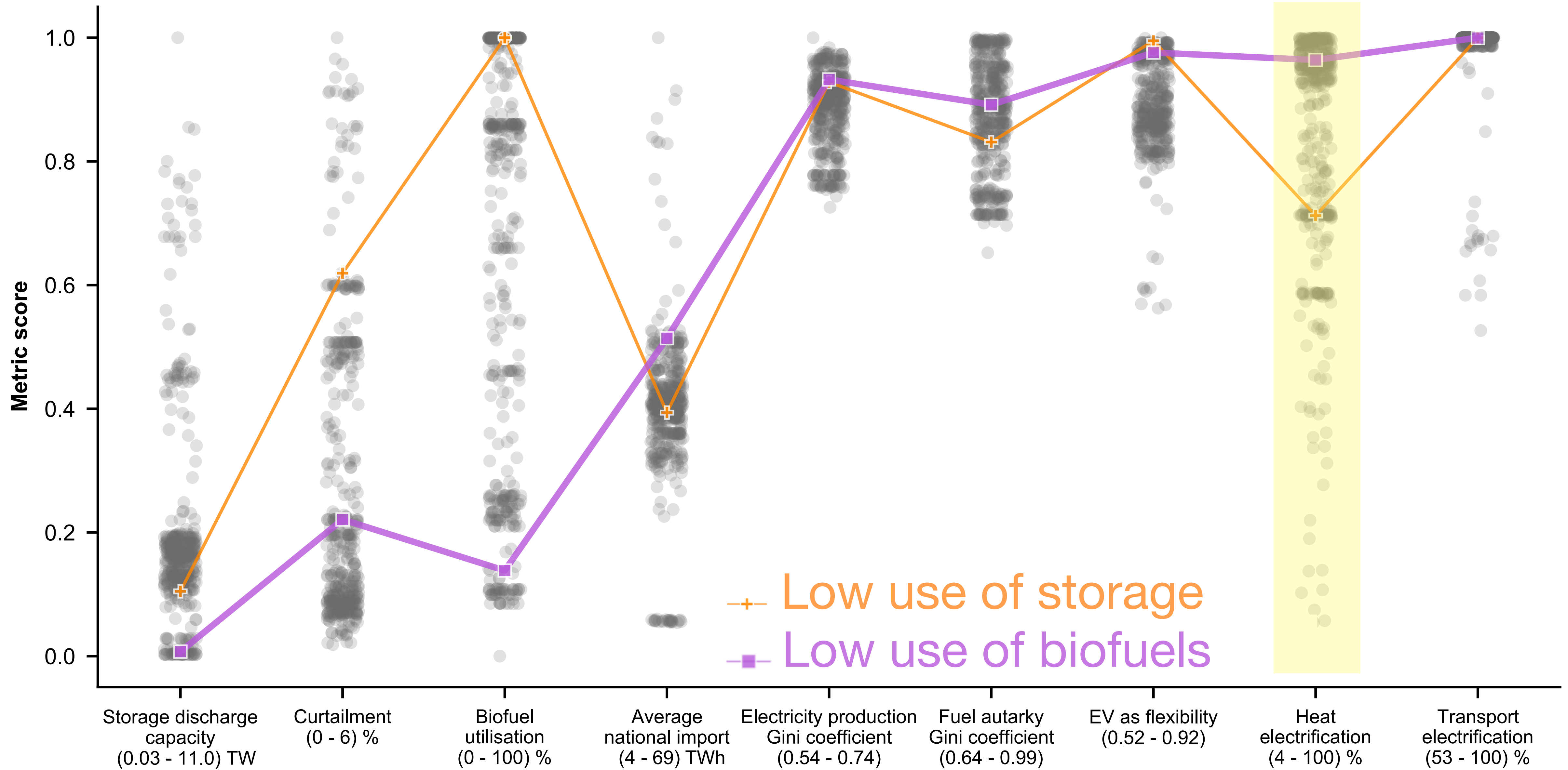


# Biofuel utilisation





# Heat electrification





# Low biofuels

Result number 17

Total grid expansion + 1.5 TW



# Low storage

Result number 158

Total grid expansion + 1.3 TW

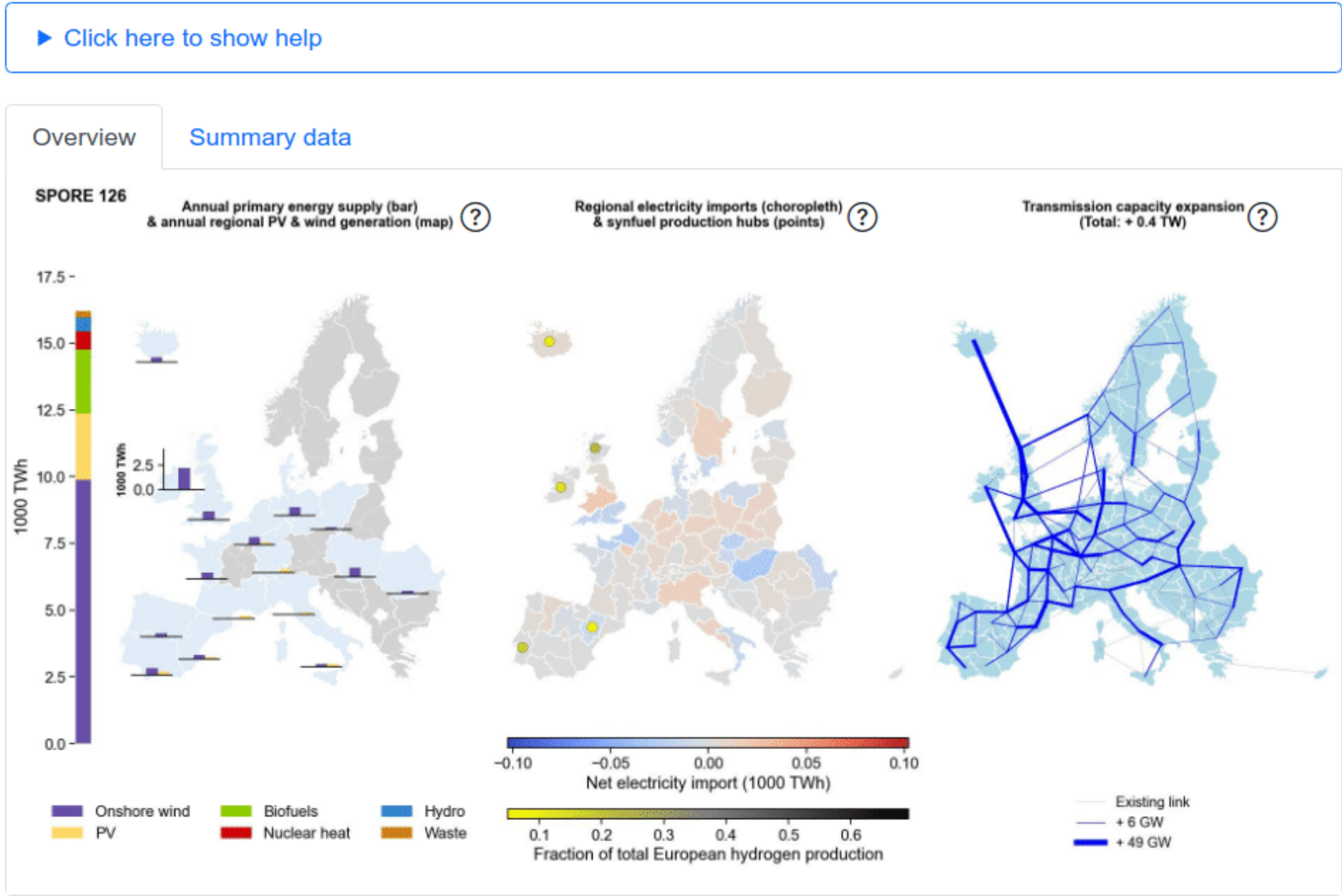
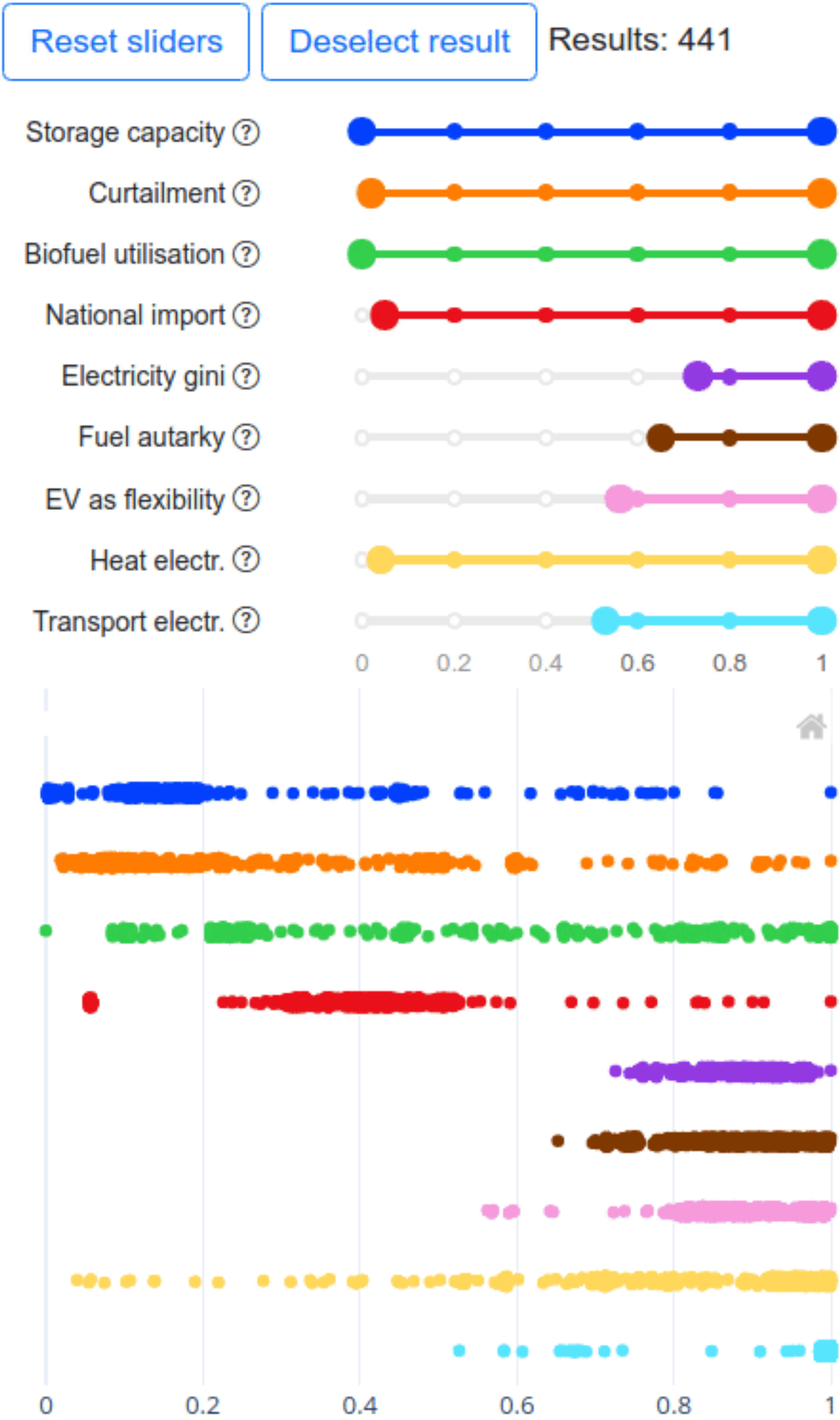


Result number 110

Total grid expansion + 0.7 TW







Explore results yourself: <https://explore.callio.pe/>

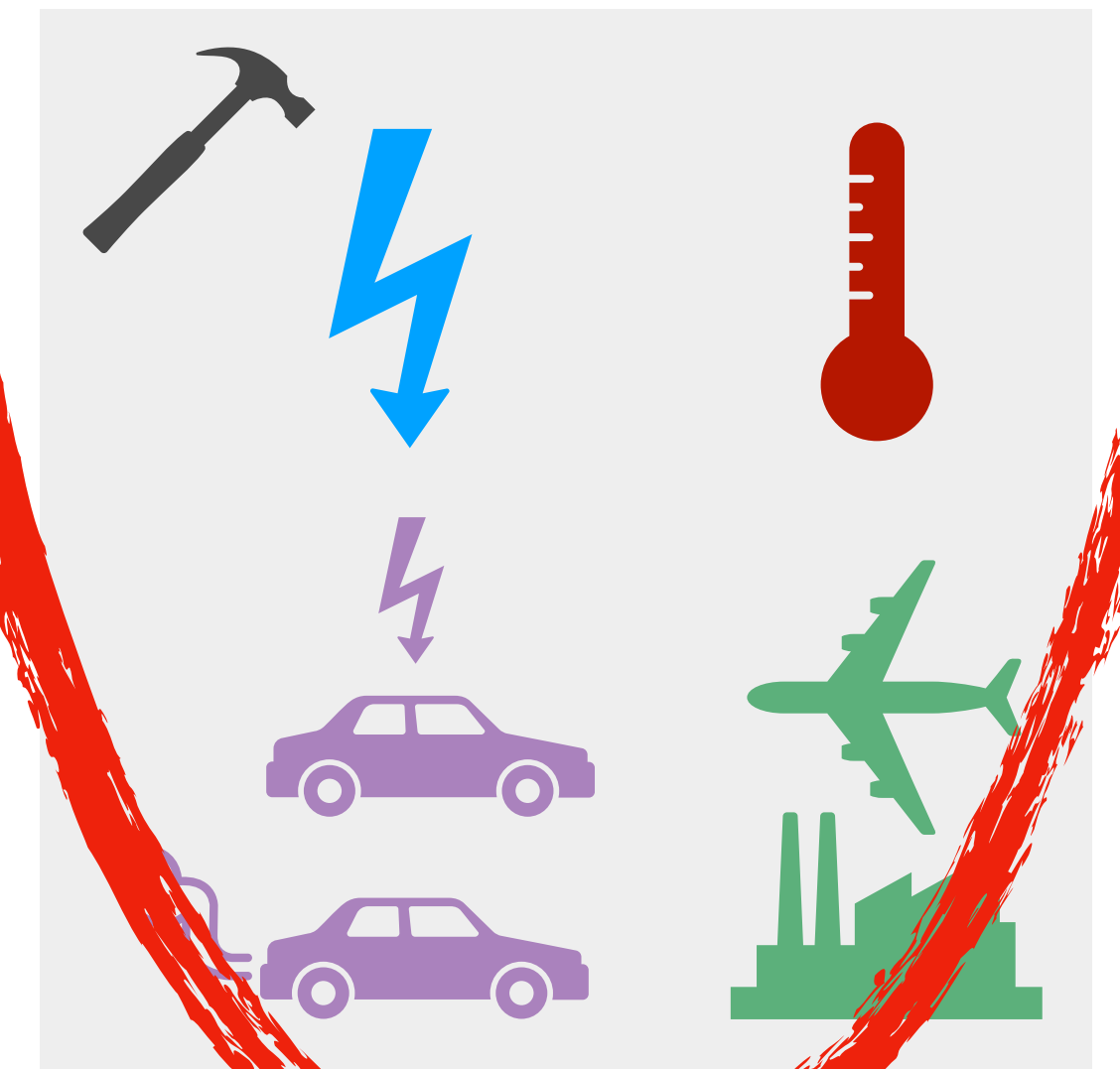
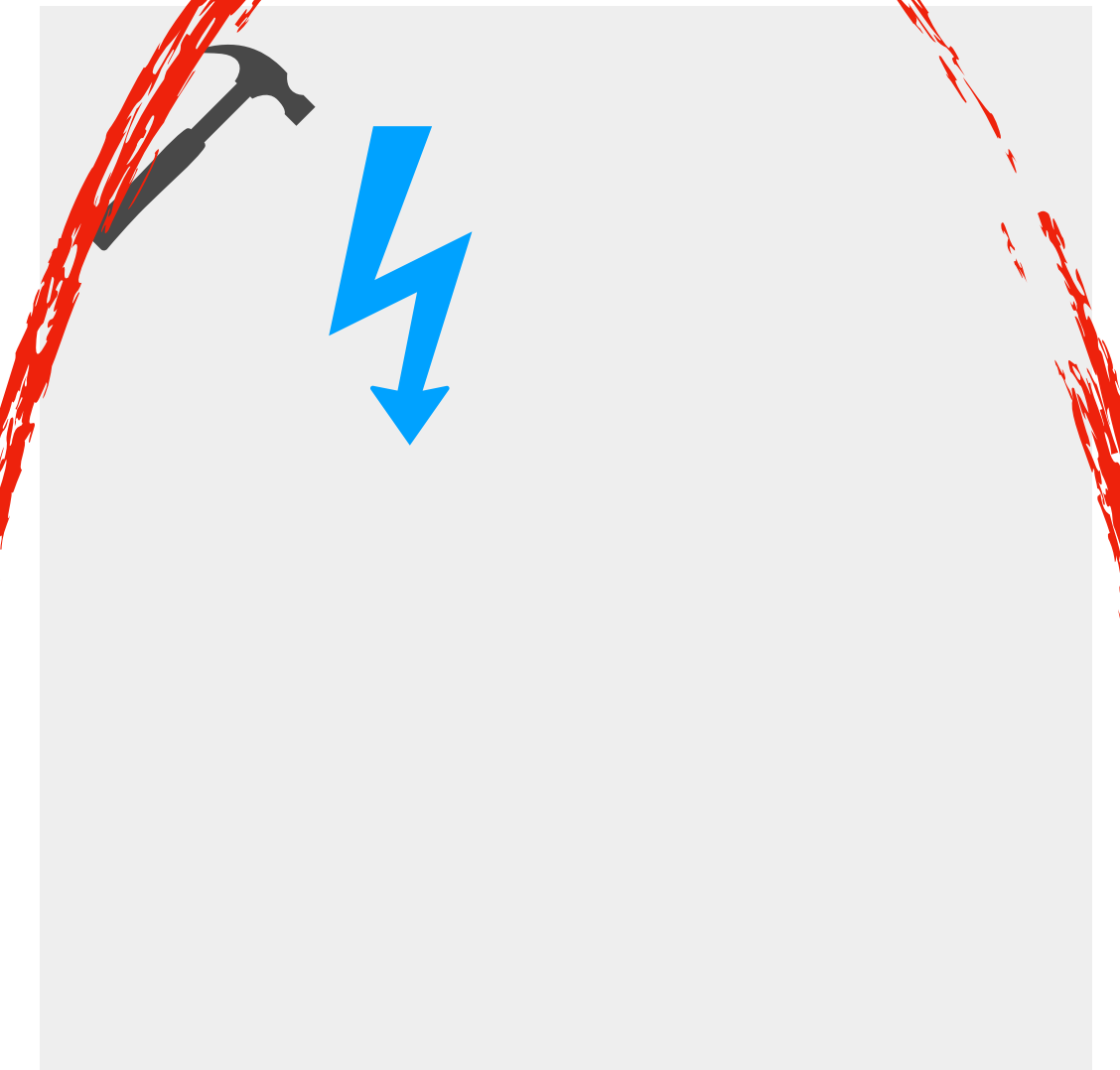
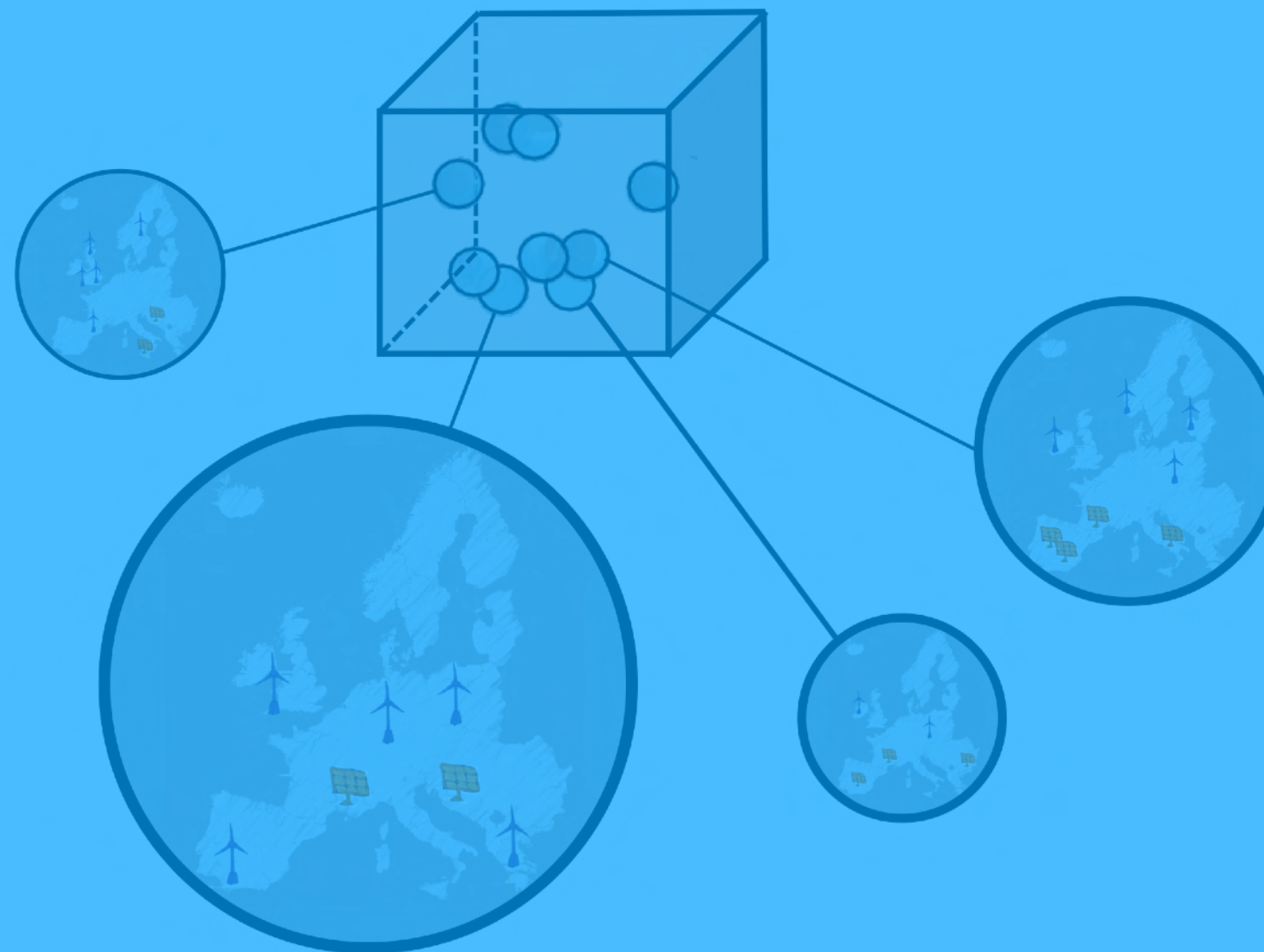
100% renewable electricity supply at best locations or locally in regions

Continental-scale supply

Regional-scale supply

## Trade-offs between different decisions

Technically feasible and cost-effective options (○) for an energy self-sufficient, carbon-neutral Europe

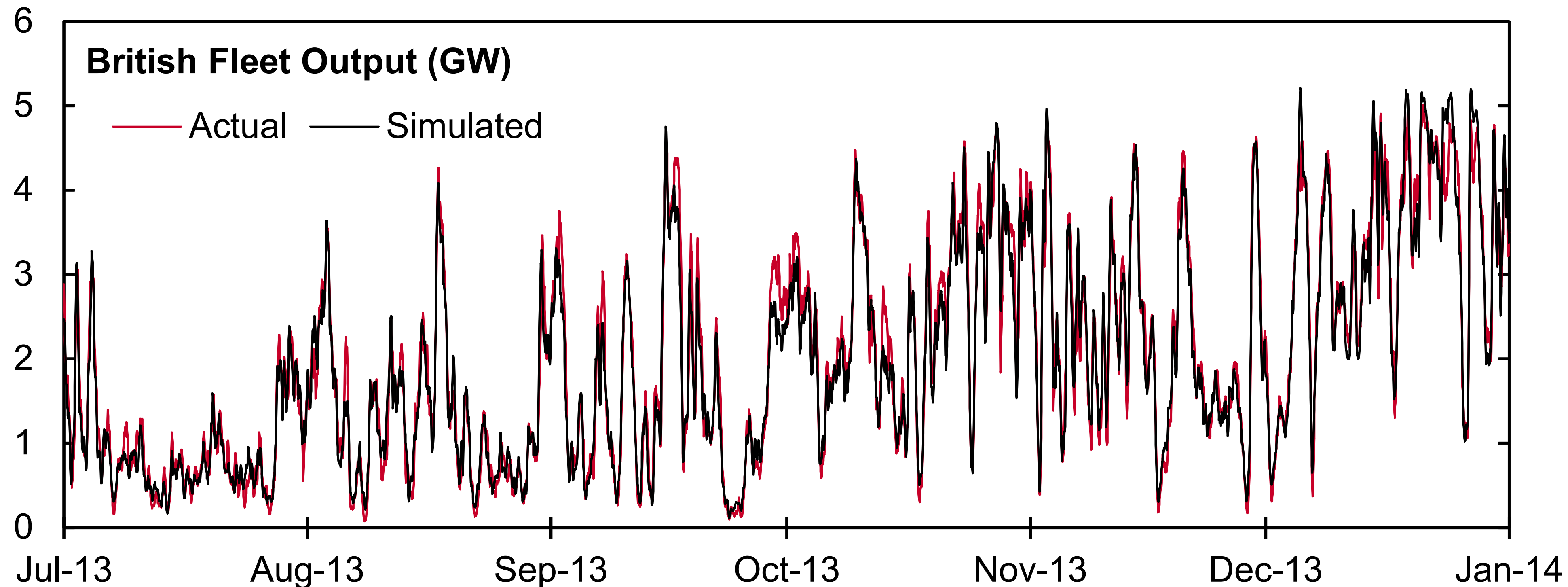




# Assumptions inside such a model: renewable generation

Simulating the UK wind fleet with first generation Renewables.ninja model:

$R^2 = 0.95$



[www.renewables.ninja](http://www.renewables.ninja)

# Assumptions inside such a model: “economics”

My own assumptions



All-knowing  
all-powerful  
dictator  
that ruthlessly  
picks the  
cheapest solution



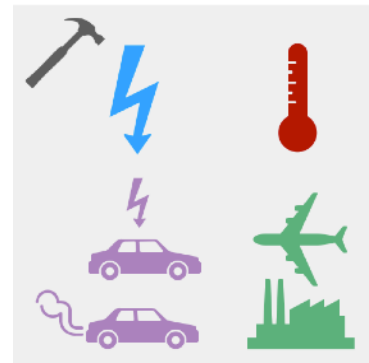
*Assumptions inside such a model:*

*Are we missing crucial facets of the energy transition?*

# Challenges



- resolving time and space



- addressing the growing complexity of the energy system



- balancing uncertainty and transparency



- integrating human behavior and social risks and opportunities  
+ environmental factors



# Challenges: social, environmental, and other limits



- Current EU-wide building renovation rate ~1% per year
- If 3% renovation rate from 2027, -77% to -100% EU space heating and cooling energy demand by 2060 possible

yahoo!finance

## 'We don't have enough' lithium globally to meet EV targets, mining CEO says



A

S

Anita · Anchor/Reporter

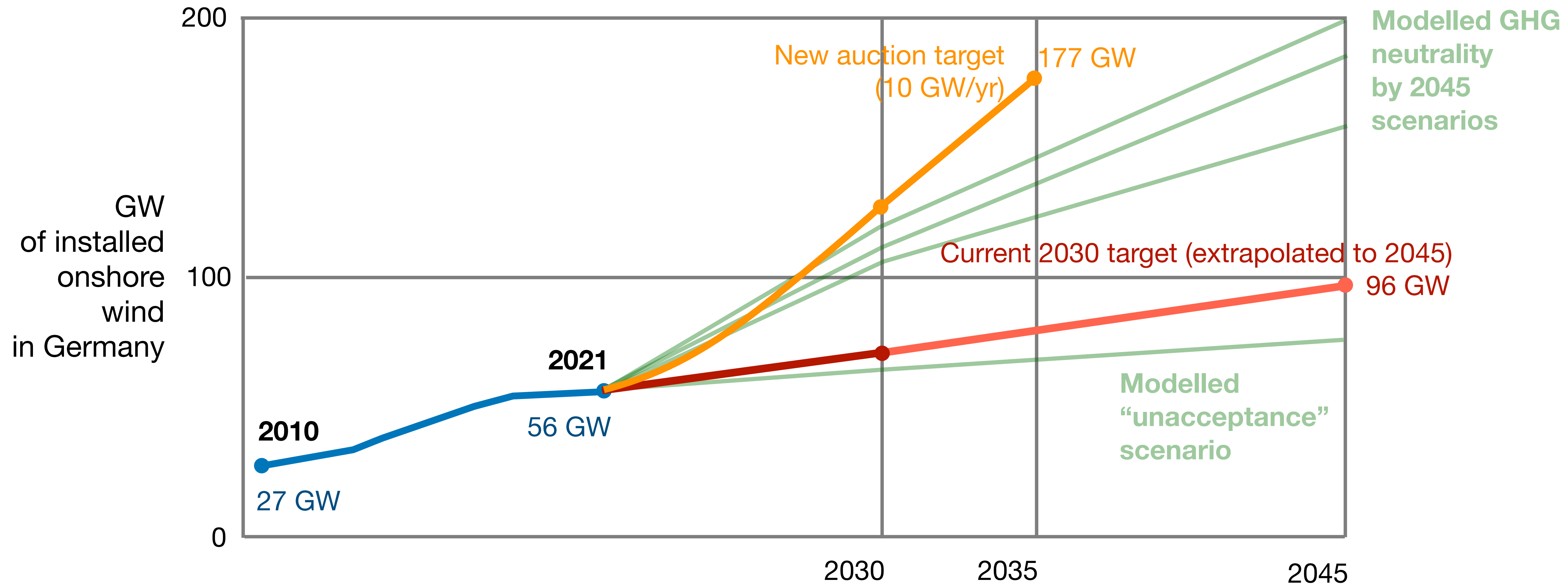
Wind  
EUROPE

1 October 2019

New distance rule could rule out new onshore wind farms in half of Germany



# Challenges: social, environmental, and other limits





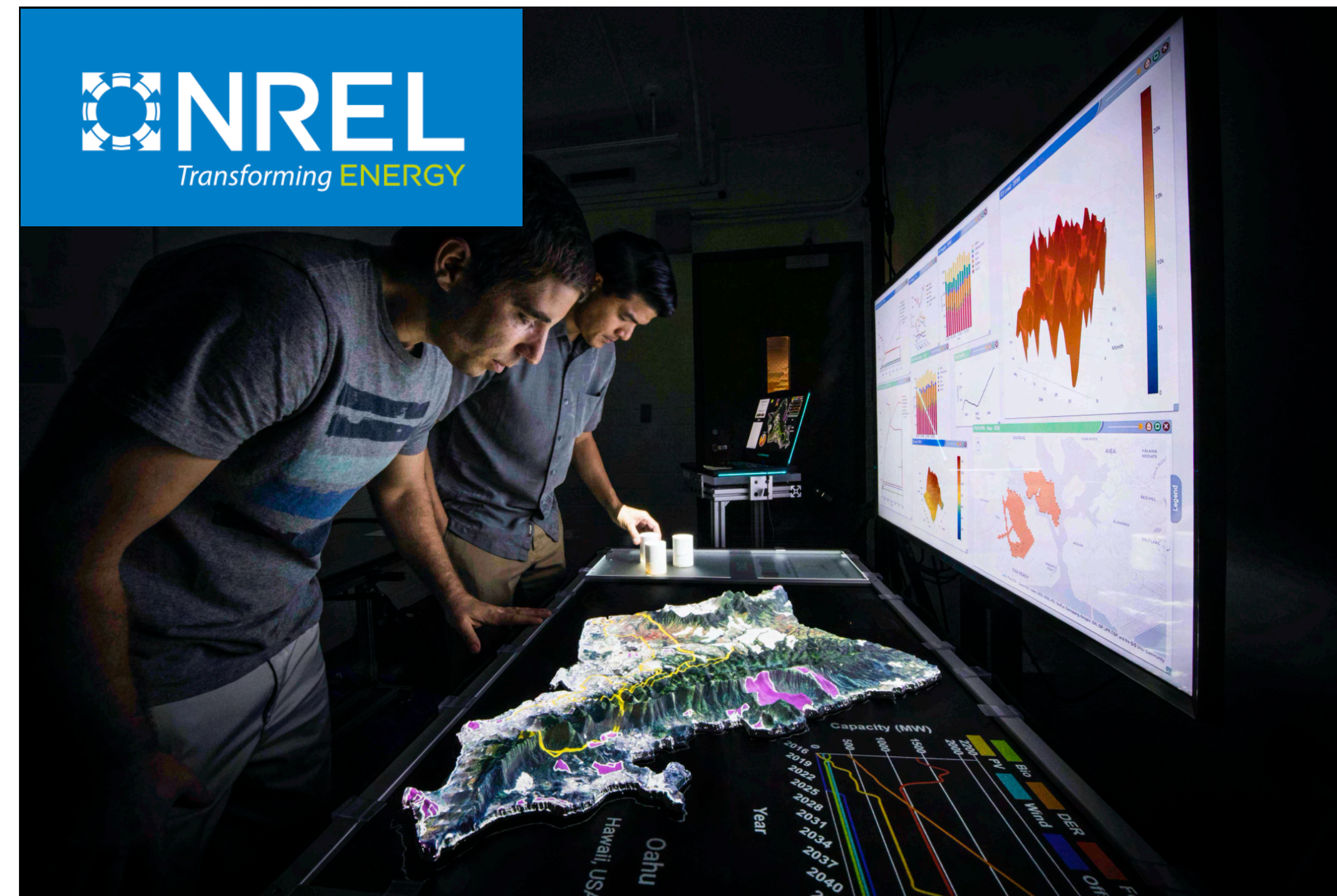
# Loading dock vs co-production

Photo © NREL



By Mark LS - Own work, CC BY-SA 4.0  
<https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=62229832>

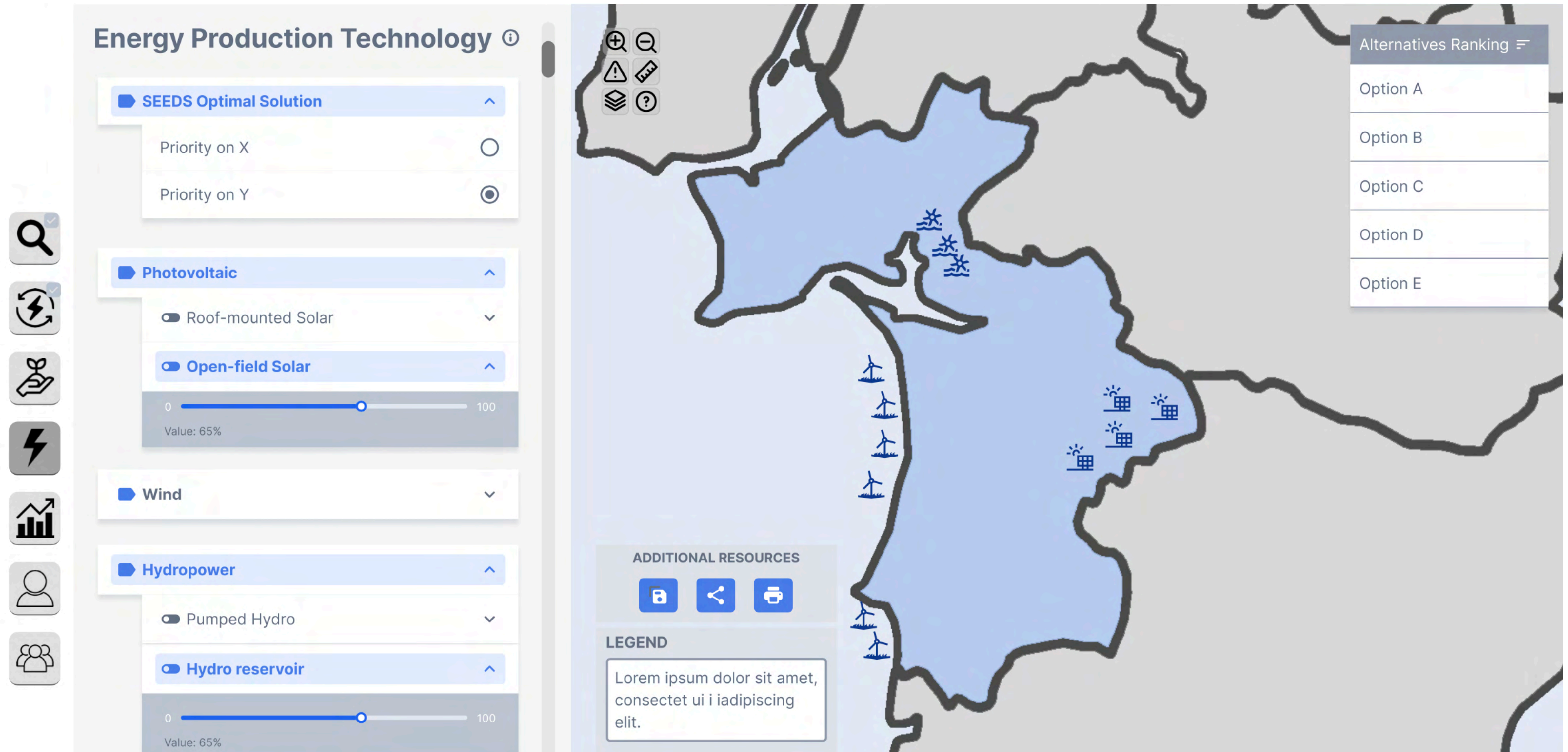
**“Loading dock” approach**



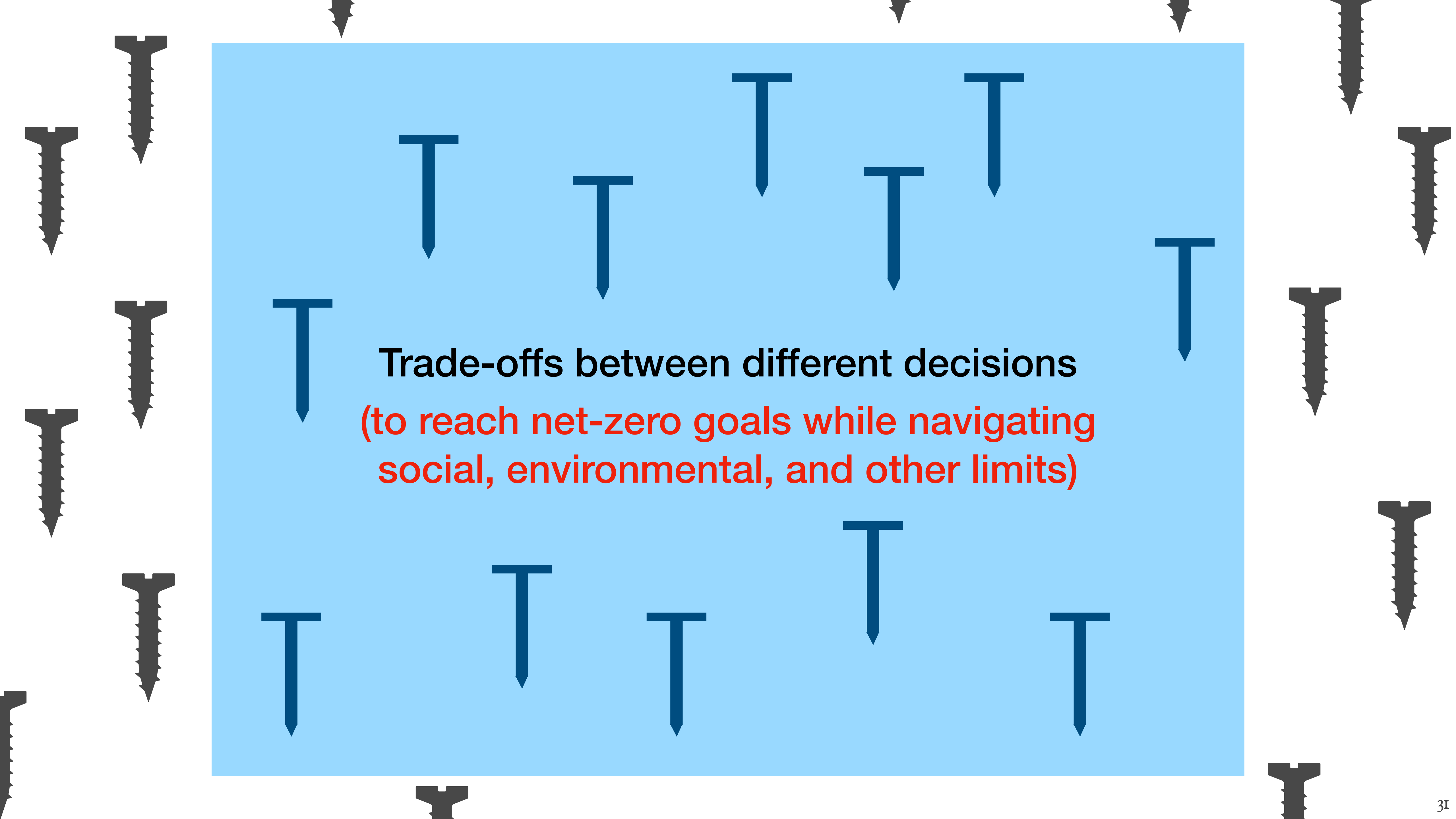
**Co-production approach**



# SEEDS: Building a “human-computer loop”





The slide features a light blue rectangular background. The text is centered within this rectangle. The background is decorated with several dark grey screws scattered around the edges. Additionally, there are several dark blue arrows pointing downwards, some of which are positioned around the text. At the top of the slide, outside the blue rectangle, there are three dark grey arrows pointing downwards.


**Trade-offs between different decisions**  
**(to reach net-zero goals while navigating social, environmental, and other limits)**







# So: can energy system modelling save the world?



Evidence base that a  
“clean energy backbone”  
of primarily wind + solar  
power is possible



Trade-offs between  
different decisions

**More generally: performing experiments in a model world that help people understand the space for decisions in the real world.**

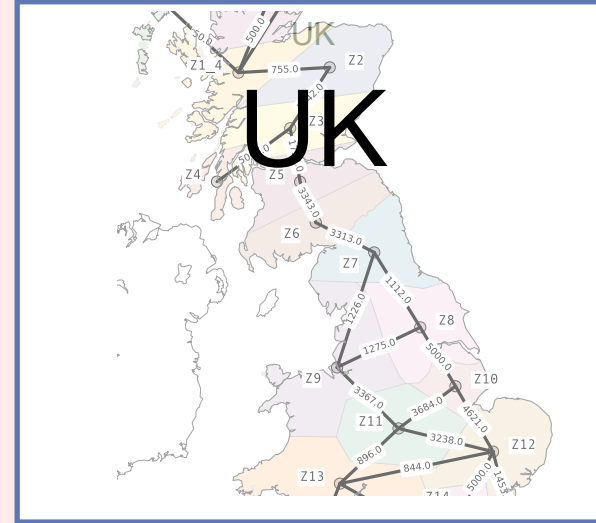
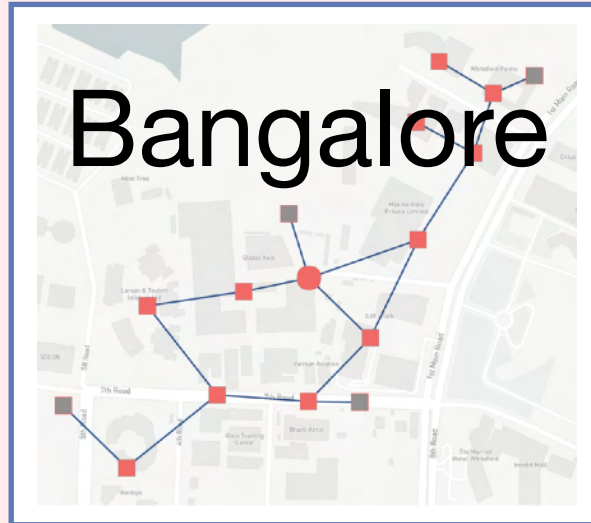




Calliope open-source energy system modelling software  
[www.callio.pe](http://www.callio.pe)



Scale-independent, e.g.:



Used worldwide, e.g. by:



Indian Institute of Technology, Delhi



Renewables.ninja wind and solar simulations  
[www.renewables.ninja](http://www.renewables.ninja)

Used at >300 institutions in >65 countries (as of early 2021)

Major updates in October

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